PROJECT 10073 RECORD	
1. DATE - TIME GROUP	2. I CATION
11 October 50 12/0510	Z Lark, Utah
3. SOURCE	10. CONCLUSION
Civilian	Astro (METEOR)
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS	
One	Evaluateda as a meteor observation.
5. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS Observer thought object was a meteor, but upon closer observat it appeared to be a rocket or plane of some sort. The object
Not Reported	
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION	
Ground-Visual	appeared at first as a long, thin line of fire crossing the sky at a terrific rate of speed. This line of fire later
7. COURSE	widened out and then seemed to dip and sxplode. The front end
SW	of the object broke away, and the main body seemed to stay in the sky and then suddenly faded completely out.
8. PHOTOS	
T Yes XX No	
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE	
D Yes	
XX No	•

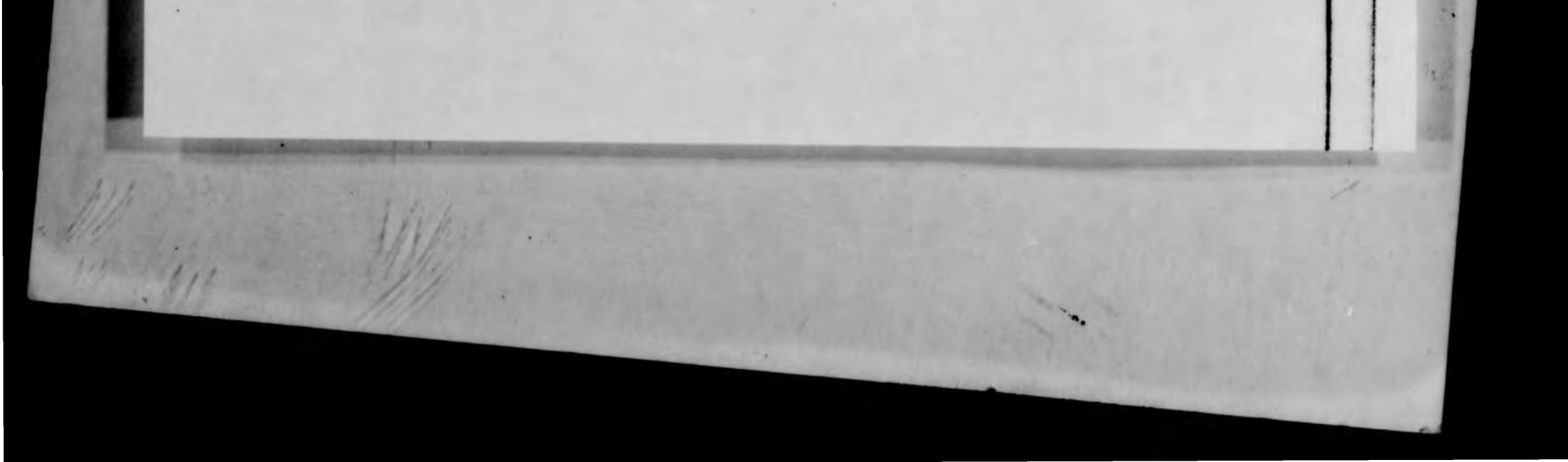
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FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Provious editions of this form may be used.

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UNCLASSIF ...

16 OSI/IIFB/ma

6 November 1950

24-0

SUBJECT: Unidentified Aerial Object Sighted in Vicinity of Provo River, Utah

TO: Director of Special Investigations Headquarters, USAF Washington 25, D. C.

AF250213

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1. The following information was furnished this office by the 115th CIC Detachment, Intelligence Field Office No. 4, Fort Douglas, Utah:

a. At 1300 hours, 17 October 1950, **Contraction**, address #1, Freeman Avenue, Bingham, Utah, employed as a compressor operator on the Lark Tunnel, Lark, Utah, telephoned this (the 115th CIC Detachment) office and volunteered the following information: Night meree Meree

- (1) On 11 October 1950, at approximately 2210 hours, while working on the Lark Tunnel, and a companion, name unknown, sighted what appeared to be a meteor crossing the sky. However, upon closer observation, it appeared to be a rocket or plane of some sort. The object appeared at first as a long, thin line of fire crossing the sky at a terrific rate of speed. This line of fire later widened out and then seemed to dip and explode. The front end of the object broke away, and the main body seemed to stay in the sky and then suddenly faded completely out. Estimated the object about 40 or 50 miles away from his position - in the vicinity of the Provo River (roughly southwest of Lark, Utah).
- (2) further stated that the delay in reporting this incident was occasioned by the fact that, although he felt he should report it to someone, he did not know which would be the proper agency to report to. Further information can be obtained from the state of the state of the state of the proper agency to report to the state of the state o

1 W. JRAN AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS:

DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.

DOD DIR 5200.10

UNCLASSIF.



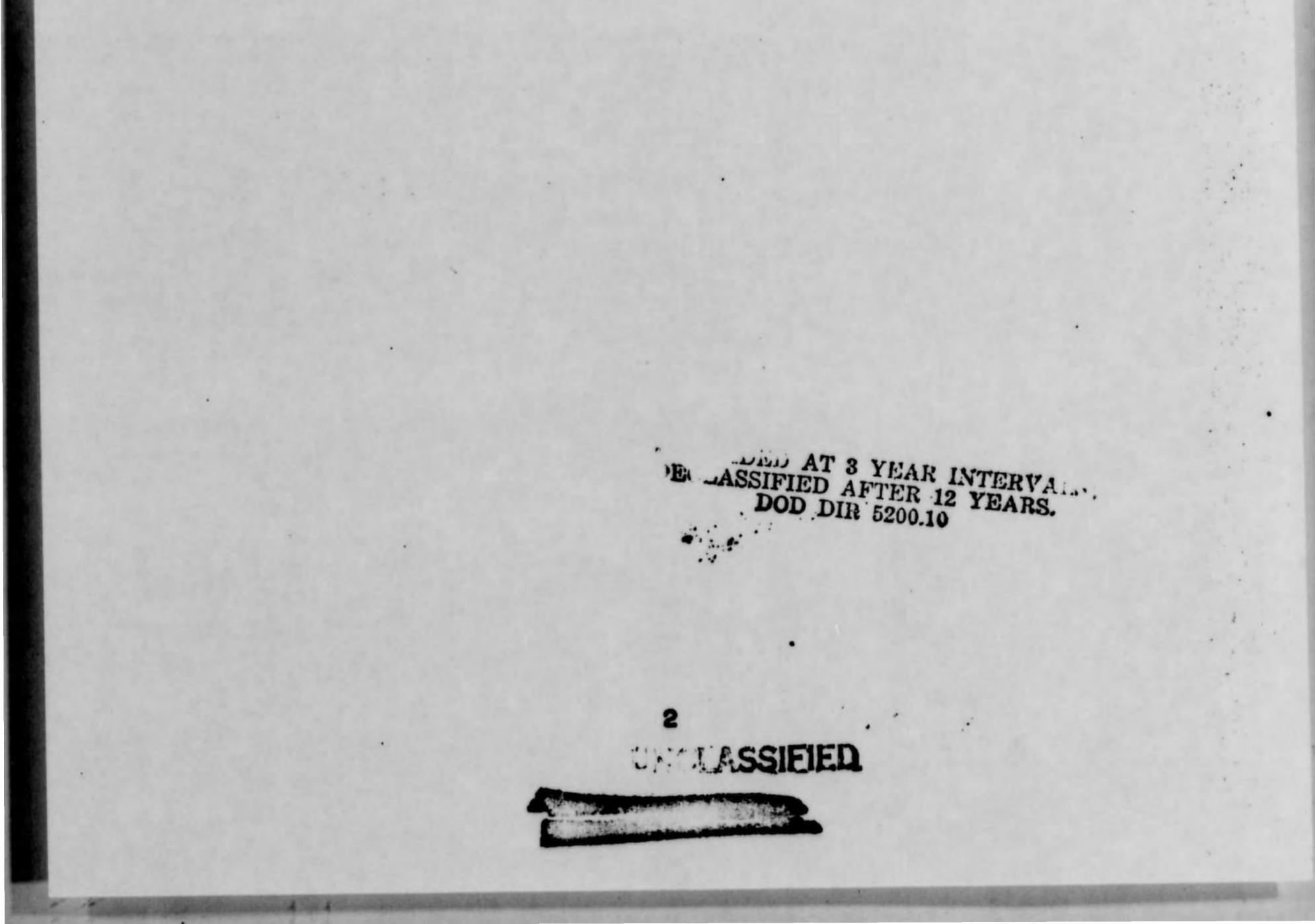


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16 OSI 24-0 SUBJ: Unidentified Aerial Object Sighted in Vicinity of Provo River, Utah

2. No investigation of the above matter has been initiated by this office, and the above summary is furnished for your information.

PELHAM R. BURNETT Captain, USAF District Commander



early demise will be proved unfounded. A detailed analysis of your article MAJOR DONALD E. KEYHOE (Director of NICAP) will be sent later. Washington, D.C.

(Editor's note: The material for our SAUCER NEWS article was taken entirely from NICAP publications and bulletins, and was not furnished to us by anyone. Our brief item about NICAP in Newsletter #8 was sent in by a confidential correspondent, and we, like Keyhoe, hope that it turns out to be untrue. As for NICAP's financial situation, it is frankly a puzzle to us. According to a recent issue of Washington D.C.'s "Little Listening Post", NICAP has a membership of over 3,000. According to Keyhoe's statement in his letter on Page 2 of this issue, NICAP has no honorary members, so this means that all of these more than 3,000 people have sent in a minimum of \$7.50 each. Thus, an absolute minimum of \$22,500 in subscription money has reached the NICAP treasury in that organization's less than two years of existence - not to mention gifts and donations. SAUCER NEWS has received only a small fragtion of that amount in its almost six years of operation, and most saucer clubs have taken in much less money than we have. We do not mean to imply dishonesty of any sort, but in view of the fact that NICAP has not undertaken any of the scientific projects envisioned by Brown, it is not at all clear to us why the financial shortage is so acute. - In our next issue we will be /glad to publish the further comments that Major Keyhae promises in the above letter.)

The failure of NICAP, with its unparalleled influence among "respectable" people, would be a catastrophe that/might be irreparable, and I can't see how you can be indifferent to it ALEXANDER D. MEBANE

New York, N.Y.

Congratulations on your NICAP Article. It is the most sensible thing I have read in SAUCER NEWS in a long time. - When NICAP was first organized, I sent in my name to them as wanting to start a local chapter. I was soon contacted by several crackpots, and was sorry I ever got into the thing. Our little group here in Chicago broke off from NICAP several months ago, and when we read in his bulletin that he was going to sell the "contact"books, that was the last straw as far as I am concerned. I think Major Keyhoe means well, but he sure hasn't done the job we expected of him.

> RUTH NETHERTON Chicago, /Illinois

You've done it again with your NICAP article I never thought you'd have the nerve to attack that bunch, but I see you did it In my opinion SAUCER NEWS is the only saucer magazine with the guts to say what it wants, without fear or favor ... JOHN KETALAWICH

Fresno, California

(Editor's note: Our article should not be construed as an attack on NICAP or on Major Keyhoe, for whom we have a great deal of respect. We are merely trying to offer comments and criticisms concerning some important points we feel the organization has slipped up on.)

ADVERTISEMENTS

FOR SALE: /2 copies each of 9 recent issues of URANUS, England's outstanding saucer magazine. These sets of 9 issues will be sold for \$3.00 per set to the first two persons who send for them. Write Dept.S, P.O. Box 163, Fort Lee, N.J. Subscriber C. W. Fitch of 6526 Carnegie Ave., Cleveland 3, Ohio, is short #4, 5. 6, and 7 of SAUCER NEWS. Write him directly if you have these for sale.



- by Bob Barry, News Director of Radio Station WMNS, Orlean, N.Y. -

6.

During the week of March 17th, 1958, I received some very important saucer information from one of Orlean's most respected persons, Police Chief George Finger. I know the Chief very well, as I make daily visits to the police station to pick up news-worthy material for my noon broadcast.

During my visit to the station that day, we got into a chat about my UFO Conference which was scheduled for March 20th. In the course of the conversation, Chief Finger asked me if I had ever heard of a certain incident that occurred in Pennsylvania some time between September of 1949 and January of 1951. It happened that I knew nothing about it. The details were scarce but enough was there to make me want to look into it further. He told me that an object was supposed to have crashed in the vicinity of Coudersport and Emporium, Pa., and that it sheared off the tops of trees. I was also told that the U. S. Army came into the area (a hilly section away from any main roads) with Army trucks. They roped the area off, loaded the object on trucks, and drove away.

That was enough for me! I made up my mind to follow this story through. Here is the course of the events that followed.

I learned that several people in the area were supposed to have seen the object shortly before it crashed. One of them was a Reserve Officer of the U. S. Army who lived in Emporium and who worked at Sears Roebuck & Co. at Emporium at the time. He was supposed to have seen an Army truck pick up the object and haul it away. The Reserve Officer figured the Army knew what the object was, and he thought the Army truck he saw was from Baltimore, Maryland. He allegedly was told to keep quiet concerning what he saw! I learned that the Cameron County Press Independent in Emporium supposedly carried this story. My next move was to call the editor of that paper, James Klies. I told him of my findings and asked him to check his files to see if he had anything on the story. Mr. Kiles told me he would phone me back in a few hours. That same afternoon, I received the reply to my request. He told me that the only thing he had for the period of September 1949 to January 1951 was a report concerning a weather balloon that was found near Keating Summit on Friday October 13th, 1950, by two hunters, Gene Kreitner and Clifford Stuckey, both of Keating Summit. He said the balloon had six panels and was covered with aluminum or lead foil. The panels had two small batteries and a light bulb. The equipment was turned over to the Air Force. The balloon was found in the vicinity of Liberty, Pa.

I next called a Mr. Fish, Sr., who is associated with the Coudersport Enterprise. After I informed him of my findings, he told me that he had a vague recollection of the event, but that was all. He gave me the name of the editor of the newspaper at that particular time. He is Walter Taylor, who now works at the Genoa Printing Co., at Genoa, Ohio.

My next contact was with Bert Freed, of Orlean, N. Y, a reporter for the Bradford Era of Bradford, Pa. Bert had been in this vicinity for a good many years and if the Bradford paper carried anything on the story, he would remember it locally. After telling him of my findings, I was informed by him that he could <u>not</u> remember the event. However, he suggested that I contact Katherine Dorfeld of Coudersport, who lived there at the time. Upon calling Mrs.Dorfeld, I learned that she did remember the incident. She said two children found the object at Keating Summit. She also told me that the object was supposed to have had printing on it which said: "Anyone finding this, return it to the U.S. Government." It is not known if there was an address on it other

than the above phrase. According to **Manual and** the U.S. Government came to the area, roped it off, and closed all news sources on the event. Government trucks moved in, loaded the object up, and whisked it away.

7.

On March 24th, 1958, I wrote a letter to the ex-editor of the Coudersport weekly newspaper. After I failed to hear from him for over three weeks, I called him long-distance at Genoa, Ohio. Note told me that his wife had just returned from Coudersport. She was visiting friends there, and also checked on the story, which <u>did</u> appear in the paper at the time. Interpret lor told me it was quite a story, but not similar to the one I had come across. He said he would get all the facts together and send me the story in about one week if possible. I am still waiting for his reply.

Through a series of phone calls I picked up the fact that a witness allegedly heard a noise while working on his farm. He then heard an explosion and started running to the vicinity of where the noise came from. This man's name is **Series** and at the time he lived near Emporium. Since that time Mr. The has moved, and through a friend of his (Meters nordy, an attorney in Emporium), I obtained his present address. It race, Point Pleasant Boro, New Jersey. The sea very good friend of Meters husband, of whom I neglected to get the first name in my long-distance telephone conversation with her. The told Meters have been playing in the vicinity, and they got to the object before the have been playing in the vicinity, and they got to the object before the first name story. (Could the be the Reserve Officer who worked at Sears Roebuck & Co. at the time?)

On March 24th I wrote Mr. Letter confronting him with the facts I had regarding <u>his</u> part in the story. I told him that I would appreciate a prompt reply, and that I would like to know if the facts I was given concerning him and the crashed UFO were true or not. After waiting until April 7th, it was quite apparent that I was not going to receive a reply to my letter. I wrote him a second time on that date, and finally received the following answer:

Dear C

In so far as my stating this object was metal or any of the socalled Army suppression is bunk. Most of what you quote me as saying is hearsay. I was in the crowd at Keating Summit but there were dozens of people there before and after I left. Go see Cliff Stuckey at the General Store in Keating Summit. He should be able to give you plenty of information. If I had anything worthwhile I would be more than glad to give it to you and help you, but I do not. There is just a chance that I may be in a bad spot as I work for a firm which is doing a job for the Signal Corps and I may get fired, but that wouldn't matter should I know anything worthwhile. I do not think you want to be a boob. I'm sure I do not want that either.

Sincerely,

Well, there's the story to date. You will remember that is one of the men who is said to have found a weather balloon on Oct. 13th, 1950. What puzzles me is why for didn't straighten me out on what was supposedly quoted wrong to me by Mrs.Dorfeld in regard to the conversation Mr. And Joe the had together concerning this object, at the time the incident occurred. Why didn't the tell me what he <u>did</u> see? He admits he was in the crowd, so he must have seen or heard something.

If any readers can supply further information of any kind about this incident, please contact SAUCER NEWS.



- by Justin Case -

8.

In November 1957, the magazine "This Week" (a supplement to many Sunday newspapers) contained an article called "What Will Invaders from Space Look Like?" by rocket expert Willy Ley.

Mr.Ley gave reasons why he thinks visitors from space will breathe air, eat vegetable and animal matter, will weigh not less than 40 nor more than 250 pounds, possess a skull, two eyes, two ears, and hands and feet. "They will probably bear a strong resemblance to the man next door," said Mr. Ley, so that "the chances are you wouldn't even give them a second look."

Furthermore, Mr. Ley said our Milky Way Galaxy has about 30 billion stars or suns, most of which have planets. Our invaders from space will originate from a planet very much like our own Earth.

Therefore, according to Mr. Ley, out of the many billions of planets in our galaxy, containing all possible forms of life, only one form of intelligent life capable of space flight is probable - the human form - so like our own that "you wouldn't even give them a second look." And this form of life would come from a planet very much like our own.

Thus Mr. Ley gives much comfort to the writers of "saucer contact stories", in which the visitors from space are claimed to look like us. He also gives comfort to the Ardent Believers of such stories, who eagerly expect that any strange-looking person they see might be a visitor from space. At the same time Mr. Ley debunked most science-fiction writers, who have depicted invaders from space as having anything but human form.

The better class of science-fiction writers are intelligent, imaginative, and well educated. Much of their science-fiction is based on science fact, stretched somewhat, of course, to make their stories more interesting. Consequently, their views are worthy of consideration. So let us see who is more likely to be right, Mr. Ley or the science-fiction writers. For the answer to this question we consult the science of Biology (the study of life) and one of its branches, the study of Evolution, the process whereby simpler and lower forms of life develop into more complex and higher forms, adapting themselves to changes in their environment during the process. From Biology and Evolution we learn the following:

(1) The variety of vegetable and animal life on our planet seems almost limitless. Many different forms thrive side by side with others in the same surroundings. Anyone who studies even a few square feet of grass, for instance, will be amazed at the variety of life to be found there.

(2) Life is very persistent and tenacious, existing even under seemingly impossible conditions. Thus, vegetable and animal life are found everywhere, even in deserts, on mountain tops, under icebergs, and even under ocean bottoms. It is very difficult to kill off, as anyone who has tried to rid his garden of weeds and insect pests can well testify.

(3) In the growth and development of life, nature takes many different paths to accomplish the same result. For instance, consider how some animals protect themselves. The porcupine rolls into a ball with its spikes extended, a turtle withdraws into its shell, a horse fights with its hoofs, a bear with its front claws, a dog with its teeth. Other animals protect themselves only by means of their speed, like the rabbit. Thus evolution is random, though directed toward the same end.

(4) This choice of paths is partly accidental, and if wrong, it leads to extinction. Perhaps that is why many prehistoric animals are now extinct.

(5) Man, the only animal on Earth intelligent enough to develop

