

PROJECT MOON RECORD CARD

1. DATE	2. LOCATION	3. OBSERVATIONS
17 Feb 52	ROSWELL, NM. PLAINS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>
4. DATES OF OBSERVATION	5. TYPE OF OBSERVATION	
17/0345 EST 17/0545	6. Ground View 7. Aerial View	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 8. Airplane 9. Flying Saucer 10. Unidentified Aircraft
11. PHOTO'S	12. SOURCE	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 13. Astronomical 14. Possibly Astronomical 15. Possibly Astronomical
16. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	17. NUMBER OF OBSERVERS	<input type="checkbox"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> 18. Position of object 19. Trajectory of object 20. Unknown
2 seconds	one	

16. BRIEF SUMMARY OF SIGHTING

Greenish blue fireball, estimated to be approx 1^o. Observer did not trace the direction the object was traveling but it is believed that object was on a downward course.

17. COMMENTS

THE ORIGINAL
ROMKKE
PRESS CLIPPINGS

220 W. 19th St., NEW YORK 11, N.Y.
Tel. CHelsea 3-8860

Cir. (D 93,233)

This Clipping From
RICHMOND, VA.
NEWS-LEADER

APR 18 1952

FLYING SAUCER THEORY EXPLODED: MYSTERY OF BALL OF FIRE SOLVED

By JAMES ELLIOTT

Remember that blazing ball of fire that streaked across the skies of Virginia and North Carolina in February?

At the time, the phenomenon stirred many an imagination into thoughts of flying saucers. And recent disclosures by the Air Force that there might be something, after all, to those saucer sorties, raised a few more eyebrows.

Despite those anxieties and revelations, however, you can rest assured that the gyrating, detonating fireball of February 18 was not mysterious.

In a report made to The News

Leader today, the American Meteor Society disclosed that the aerial flash definitely was a meteor.

And by taking astronomical data, and adding a few mathematical calculations, the society can tell you just about anything you would like to know about the meteor.

BASED ON 100 ACCOUNTS

The data is based on more than 100 accounts by persons in both States who saw the brilliant flash.

It first came into sight when it was 73 miles in the air, the report noted. From that point, two miles south of Buffalo City, N.C.,

it rocketed through the sky at an estimated 261 miles a second for 106 miles before burning out over Virginia, about 12 miles above a point six miles east and one mile north of Fox Hill, Elizabeth City County, over lower Chesapeake Bay.

Its remains, if any, apparently fell into the bay, the report said, and no fragments have been discovered.

The meteor left a train of smoke cloud, said the report, that lasted fully 15 minutes before dissipating.

"Had the fireball appeared at night," the report continued, "it would truly have been terrifying from its brilliancy." The fireball flashed into sight at 11:31 A.M., and was visible to residents of the States despite the clear bright

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DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
WASHINGTON

THE INSPECTOR GENERAL
OF THE UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
Washington, D. C.

TELETYPE 24 JUN

SUBJECT: MEETING SCHEDULE

To: Director, Personnel
AFM, AFM-644 (16)
1200 24 JUN 1952 (16)
Director, Personnel

1. In accordance with your request of 22 February 1952
concerning the proposed change from the present
method of direct acceptance of personnel from the
service, I am enclosing a copy of the proposed regulation.

2. This regulation has been submitted to the Office of
Organization and Personnel for consideration.

3. Please advise if you have any questions.
Very truly yours,
General (U.S. Air Force) (16)
General (U.S. Air Force) (16)
General (U.S. Air Force) (16)
General (U.S. Air Force) (16)

ABBS R. H. (16)

SUBJECT: WICHITA FALLS SIGHTINGS

DATE OF INFORMATION: 27 February 1952

Investigations conducted by the FBI-Bureau, Wichita Falls, Texas, and Hutchinson County, North Dakota, revealed approximately 1,000 persons who had witnessed or heard meteorite on 12 February 1952 at 1450 hours. Approximately 700 persons interviewed stated subsequently the same day that they observed the meteorite as a ball of fire about the size of a dinner plate, floating low in the sky, illuminated by a white-hotish, heat-like glow. They all stated the course of the meteorite was North West and their names and addresses were taken from persons described as from being 10,000 to 50,000 feet. They reported that the meteorite was only an eighth inch diameter at the point of impact, and was incandescent at a very early stage.

Information from the United States Weather Bureau, Wichita Falls, Texas, indicated meteorite fell in Wichita Falls at 1450 hours on 12 February 1952.

Temperature..... 50 degrees
Wind direction..... 26 degrees
Relative humidity..... 50 per cent
Visibility..... 15 miles plus

Clouds..... West. Notch test in 3 miles per hour.

17,000 citizens received their mail day had been brought to Normal 500,000 cubic yards of earth.

Information from the Wichita Falls Police Department, Wichita Falls, Texas, indicated that the police department had received information concerning the meteorite falling at 1450 hours on 12 February 1952. Three of the reporters were later identified as a residence agent for the Great American Life and Casualty Company. State Police had also received these reports which negative results. The 1000 families involved had received negative reports from the Wichita Falls Fire Department, Wichita Falls, Tex., Texarkana, Tex., Shreveport, La., Monroe, La., and the Louisiana State Police. The 1000 families involved had received negative reports from the Wichita Falls Police Department, Wichita Falls, Tex., Texarkana, Tex., Monroe, La., and the Louisiana State Police. The 1000 families involved had received negative reports from the Wichita Falls Police Department, Wichita Falls, Tex., Texarkana, Tex., Monroe, La., and the Louisiana State Police.

BRITISH AIRLINES (N. CO. LTD.) - MOSCOW, DECEMBER 18, 1952.

Greensburg Mon Report (Mexico)

It Was A Heavenly Day Featured By Explosion

CHICAGO — The black death of 1949 and 1950, the Mayan calendar and the God of Thunder, it looked like a red hot dove had crashed into Chicago's Field Sabbath.

Dr. E. Miller of the U. S. Weather Bureau said the temperature at 10 a.m. was 75 degrees, and the National Weather Service forecast a high of 70 to 75 degrees.

At 10:15 a.m., the temperature was 80 degrees, and the sun was out.

The Charlotte Observer

A Friend To People Is A Friend To Humanity

CHARLOTTE, NORTH CAROLINA, SATURDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 13, 1943

Big Meteorite Is Witnessed In Charlotte

CHARLOTTE, Feb. 12.—An attorney here said today the explosion of a bomb during a raid which preceded news the Southern States became the target of bombers involving several planes flying ministerial weapons.

J. P. Molen of the U. S. Weather Bureau in Greenville, S. C., reported he explored 400 miles west of Greenville and heard a meteorite fall at 10:30 p.m. Many houses were damaged and objects which appeared to be 10 ft. in diameter fell from the sky at Long Creek, about 10 miles from Greenville, South Carolina, in the foothills of the Blue Ridge mountains.

A meteorite was found near the site, but it was too small to be identified. It was declared that it was too large to be an airplane.

RAIDERS, TOO?

The Weather Bureau's director, Arnold, was advised the call came from persons who had been in the mountains. Some pointed the crashing of a meteorite as the cause of the damage. No official records were available.

Charlotte, the home of

the National Weather Service,

was not hit by any bombs.

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NR0557

UNCLASSIFIED

C-1 ROUTINE
FM MATHER AFB CALIF
TO CG AMC UPAFB OHIO

ACTION

CITE MV 94.

[URMSG IC493] QUERIES TO MCCLELLAN AFB, TRAVIS AFB,
HAMILTON AFB, CASTLE AFB AND MOFFETT NAS WERE MADE WITH NEGATIVE
POSSIBILITIES OF ANY OF THEIR ACFT OR BALLOONS BEING IN THE
STOCKTON-LODI AREA BETWEEN 2300 HRS AND 2400 HRS 23 FEB 52.
STATEMENT AND DESCRIPTION OF SIGHTING BY CREW OF 2D ACFT FR
THIS STA FUD AS CLASD DOCUMENT GTL3-52.

1. INFORMATION
2. INFORMATION
3. ATTACH
4. CONTACT
[REASONABLE CARE NOT REQUIRED. SEE CRYPTO CENTER
BEFORE DECLASSIFYING]

20 FEB 52
MT DIABLO, CALIF
BALLOON

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS
DOD DIR 5200.10

UNCLASSIFIED

T52-11125-1

UNCLASSIFIED

EXTRACT FROM STATUS REPORT # 6

DATE: 20 Feb 52

TIME (Local): 2330

LOCATION: Stockton, Calif.

LENGTH OF TIME OBSERVED: Unknown

SOUND: Unknown

SPEED: Unknown

ALTITUDE: 9,000' (Est)

HEADING: 90°

SOURCE: AF Pilots

ACTION OR COMMENTS: No conclusions. No investigation due to time lapse since report.

DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT: Two aircraft pilots observed object described as "locomotive headlight" at same altitude as a/c. Object accelerated and climbed after crossing path of a/c. Possibility of other aircraft in area was negative. [REDACTED]
No radar returns.

UNCLASSIFIED

DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS
DOD DIR 5200.10

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

AF FORM 112—PART II
APPROVED 1 JUNE 1948

CLASSIFICATION

AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

FROM: Wing Intelligence Officer
3535th Emb. Tng. Wing,
Mather Air Force Base, California

REPORT NO.

8w7-2-52

PAGE 2 OF 2 PAGES

Description:

Pilots sighted an unidentified object flying at approximately the same altitude as their aircraft. No specific shape could be determined. The only noticeable feature was a bright light much like the headlight of a locomotive except the object projected no beam but seemed to glow within itself. No aerodynamic features were noted and the object left no visible trail or exhaust. The method of propulsion could not be determined by either pilot. No sound was heard from the object.

Path of Flight:

The object approached the observers' aircraft from a northerly direction on an apparent collision course. The object was at the same altitude as the observers' aircraft and from a distance of fifteen (15) to twenty (20) miles the object appeared to be fifteen (15) inches in diameter. It did not appear to have any set course as it variably approached and receded from the observing aircraft. During these moments the object appeared to grow dimmer as it receded and brighter as it approached the aircraft. After crossing in front of the observing aircraft at a distance of approximately seven (7) miles at an approximate speed of one hundred eighty (180) miles per hour, it suddenly turned to an easterly heading, accelerated rapidly to an estimated eight hundred (300) miles per hour and disappeared, climbing at an angle of thirty (30) degrees. One of the observers, formerly a navigator and familiar with celestial bodies, definitely stated that the object was not a star, planet or meteor. Source further stated that the stars were clearly visible at all times and the object could be seen to cross the sky between the observers and the stars.

Weather Conditions:

Weather in the area at the time of observation: Temperature twelve (12) degrees centigrade; Visibility unlimited; broken stratus at eight thousand (8,000) feet; Winds aloft report - eight thousand (8000) feet two hundred sixty (260) degrees at eight (8) knots, ten thousand (10,000) feet two hundred eighty (280) degrees at fifteen (15) knots, twelve thousand (12,000) feet two hundred eighty (280) degrees at twenty five (25) knots. No known meteorological or other conditions or activities during observing time which would cause any disturbance in that area were found. A hailstorm earlier in the evening left a very clear sky.

COMMENTS of Preparing Officer:

No other physical evidence is available (fragments or photographs) to confirm sighted object. Both observers are rated pilots with a good amount of flying experience. The evaluation of this report is twofold as another aircraft also reported the sighting of this object. Upon direction of the Commanding Officer, Mather Air Force Base, the preparing officer proceeded to Hamilton Air Force Base, California, to interview jet pilots on the feasibility that the aforementioned object could be the result of a jet afterburner. The results of this interview were negative. A check with the Aircraft Control and Warning system of Mather Air Force Base on a possible tracking was also negative.

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
DOD DIR 5200.10

NOTE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT, 50 U. S. C.—31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW. IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART, BY OTHER THAN UNITED STATES AIR FORCE AGENCIES, EXCEPT BY PERMISSION OF THE DIRECTOR OF INTELLIGENCE, USAF.

UNCLASSIFIED

(CLASSIFICATION)

16-54570-1 2 U. S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE: 1968-0-916332

AF FORM 113-PART I
APPROVED 1 JUNE 1948

UNCLASSIFIED

COUNTRY United States	REPORT NO. GWT-2-52	(LEAVE BLANK) <i>00428595</i>
AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT		
SUBJECT Unconventional Aircraft Sighting		
AREA REPORTED ON Stockton, California, U.S.A.		FROM (Agency) Wing Intelligence Office 3535th Bmb. Tng. Wing, Mather AFB, California
DATE OF REPORT 29 February 1952	DATE OF INFORMATION 20 February 1952	EVALUATION B-3
PREPARED BY (Officer) FRED E. WARNER, Captain, USAF		SOURCE (See Summary)
REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous report, etc., as applicable)		

SUMMARY: (Enter concise summary of report. Give significance in final one-sentence paragraph. List inclusions at lower left. Begins last of report on AF Form 113—Part II.)

Interrogation of Captain GATTRON, Pilot, and Major RICORDAN, Co-pilot of B-25 #88C7 on 20 February 1952. On this date while flying at an altitude of nine thousand (9,000) feet with an air speed of one hundred sixty (160) miles per hour, the aforementioned officers sighted an unconventional aircraft, approximately five (5) miles west of Stockton California (37-54' 30"N - 121-21' 30"W). Time of sighting was 2330 hours Pacific Standard Time.

APPROVED:

Fred E. Warner
FRED E. WARNER
Captain USAF
Wing Intelligence Officer

O INCL 3

DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR

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DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
DOD DIR 5200.10

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UNCLASSIFIED

ACTION

ER

WPAFB
1951

1:30

- ✓ 1. ATI AA
2. ATI A
3. ATI (Central Fly)

WPB079

YMX0462

WYD036

WMX033

JWFLK 039

PP JEDEN JEDWP JEPHQ JWFBQ JEDMH 555

DE JWFLK 109

P 192340Z

FM CO AD FOUR SEVEN WALKER

AFB NMEX

TO JEDEN/CG ADC ENT AFB COLORADO SPRINGS COLO

JEDAP/CHIEF AIR TECH INTEL CENTER WRIGHT-PATTERSON

INFO JEPHQ/DIR ENTEL DCS/O HQS USAF

JWFQB/CG EIGHTH AF CARSWELL ASB FT WORTH TEX

JEDMH/CG SAC OFFUTT AFB NEBR

6DO1 0996 PD ATTN DIR ENTEL PD IN ACCORDANCE WITH ICP HQ SAF DTD 1

MARCH 1951 THE FOLLOWING REPORT IS SUBMITTED ON AN UNIDENTIFIED FLYING

OBJECT AERIAL PHENOMENA SIGHTED BY PERSONNEL FLYING IN B-29 AIRCRAFT

9698 ON 17 FEBRUARY 1952 PD AT APPROXIMATELY 0845Z AIRCRAFT WAS FLYING

AT A SPEED OF 192 TAS AT 12000 FT AT 3315N 1041CW IN A SOUTHEASTERLY

DIRECTION AN A TRUE HEADING OF ABOUT 120 DEGREES PD AT THIS TIME CMA

SH-2168-6

UNCLASSIFIED

(CLASSIFICATION)

AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

FROM (Agency)	REPORT NO.	PAGE	OF	PAGES
Wing Intelligence Officer Mather Air Force Base, California	GTL 3-52	2	2	PAGES

Pilots sighted an unidentified object which at first was believed to be a plane with one (1) landing light on or with a bright light in the nose. Object first appeared to be between Stockton and Sacramento, California. As the object approached the aircraft it appeared to become larger, brighter and more yellow in color. As the object passed in front of the observing aircraft the pilot stated that it was definitely not another aircraft.

Path of Flight:

Object first came into view on an apparent collision course from a northerly direction. At this time observing aircraft was at an altitude of nine thousand (9,000) feet over Mt. DIABLO, California. Object continued on an apparent collision course for approximately eight (8) minutes during which time it climbed from nine thousand (9,000) feet to approximately eleven thousand (11,000) feet where it seemed to pick up speed, veer in an easterly direction and was lost from sight as observing aircraft made a turn towards Sacramento California. Object was not sighted again as observing aircraft left the area for a simulated bomb run on Mather Air Force Base.

Weather Conditions:

Weather in the area at the time of observations: Temperature twelve (12) degrees centigrade, visibility unlimited; broken stratus at eight thousand (8,000) feet. Winds aloft report: eight thousand (8,000) feet, eight (8) knots at two hundred sixty (260) degrees; ten thousand (10,000) feet, fifteen (15) knots at two hundred eighty (280) degrees and twelve thousand feet, twenty five (25) knots at two hundred eighty (280) degrees. No known meteorological or other conditions prevalent during time of observation existed. A hailstorm earlier in the evening left very clear skies.

Comments:

No physical evidence is available (fragments or photographs) to confirm sighting. Both observers are rated pilots with a good amount of flying experience. The evaluation of this report is twofold as another aircraft also reported the sighting of this object.

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DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS
DOD DIR 5200.19

UNCLASSIFIED

(CLASSIFICATION)

UNCLASSIFIED (LEAVE BLANK)

843387
0114

COUNTRY	REPORT BY	UNCLASSIFIED (LEAVE BLANK)
United States	GIL 3-52	

AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

SUBJECT

Unconventional Aircraft Sighting

AREA REPORTED ON FROM (Agency) Wing Intelligence Officer

Stockton, California

Wing Air Force Base, California

DATE OF REPORT DATE OF INFORMATION EVALUATION

29 February 1952 120 February 1952 D-2

PREPARED BY (Officer) FRED E. WARNER, Capt., USAF

Wing Intelligence Officer

(See Summary)

REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous report, etc., if applicable)

GIL 3-52
SUMMARY: (Enter concise summary of report. Give significance in final one-sentence paragraph. List inclosures at lower left. Begin text of report on AF Form 113—Part II.)

Interrogation of Captain MONTGOMERY, Richard J. AG 696789, United States Air Force and Captain ATKINS, John M. AG 730451. Captain's ATKINS and MONTGOMERY were pilot and co-pilot of B-25 aircraft number 3820. Subject officers sighted an unconventional type aircraft after completing a practice radar bomb run off of Pittsburg, California. Aircraft was at eight thousand feet (3,000) on a heading of eighty two (82) degrees preparing to make a turn to a heading of seventy two (72) degrees toward Stockton when sighting was made.

20 FEB 62 CAAIF

M1 ABT⁰¹ Time 11:30 P.M. local time
Date of obs - Feb. 20, 1952.

BAA⁻⁰⁰¹ Possibly balloon?
- wind consistent
- object rises
- seems to hang in front of plane in collision course

RC

1-2165-16

APPROVAL:

Fred E. Warner
FRED E. WARNER
Capt., USAF
Wing Intelligence Officer

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;

DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.

DOD DIR 5200.10

DISTRIBUTION BY ORIGINATOR

Orig and 3 cys to: HQ AFIC, Scott AFB, Illinois
File: 2 cys

84346

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UNCLASSIFIED

) DIRECTION ON A TRUE HEADING OF ABOUT 120 DEGREES PD AT THIS TIME CMA
THE AIRCRAFT COMMANDER CMA THE INSTRUCTOR PILOT AND THE BOMBARDIER ALL
VISUALLY SIGHTED A BALL OF GREENISH BLUE FIRE LIGHT APPROXIMATELY 3 FT
IN DIAMETER CMA APPROXIMATELY 1 MILE AHEAD TF AIRCRAFT AND AT ABOUT
15000 FT ALTITUDEE PD OBJECT APPEARED TO BE TRAVELING IN A SOUTHEASTER

) PAGE TWO JWFLK 109

) DIRECTION ON A STRAIGHT LINE TRAJECTORY CMA AND WAS ONLY IN SIGHT FOR
APPROXIMATELY 2 SECONDS PRIOR TO DISAPPEARING PD OBSERVERS STATEE THAT
IT DID NOT APPEAR TO BE A METEOR AND THAT OBJECT DID NOT HAVE STREAMERS
OF SPARKS COMMONLY ASSOICATEE WITH METEORS PD INSTRUCTOR PILOT CMA A
SQUADRON COMMANDER CMA AND OTHER OBSERVERS ARE ALSO EXPERIENCED AIR CREW
MEMBERS WITH EXTENSIVE EXPERIENCE PD ALL OBSERVERS WERE IN NOSE SECTION
OF AIRCRAFT AND AIRCRAFT WAS ON LET-DOWN TO WALKER RANGE STATION AT
COMPLETION OF ELEVEN HOURS AND 15 MINUTES OF FLYING TIME PD WEATHER
SEQUENCES AT WALKER AFB AT 0830Z WERE CLEAR CMA 15 MILES VISIBILITY
CMA SEA LEAPEL PRESSURE 1010.8 MILLIBARS IMA TEMP 34 DEGREES F CMA
DEW PD 23 DEGREES CMA WINDS CALM CMA ALT SETTING 29.92 QWITH NO CHANGES
FOR THE HOUR PD END

) 20/0015Z FEB JWFLK

~~SECRET~~

UNCLASSIFIED

ATIC TT

CSAF ITEM 1 /SECRET/

TT-48

SECURITY INFORMATION

19 Feb 52

TO ATIAA - 2C RUPPELT FROM AFOIN - /TC FOURNET

CSAF ITEM 1
ATIAA.

SUBJECT: UNIDENTIFIED FLYING OBJECT

FOLLOWING MESSAGE RECEIVED FROM CGSAC,
THEIR CABLE FLICON 121, DATED 17 FEB 52,
WHICH IN TURN RELAYED MESSAGE RECEIVED
FROM COARIRDIV 47, WALKER AFB NEW MEXICO,
LATTER'S NO. 6DOI 385. MESSAGE AS FOLLOWS FOR
YOUR INFORMATION AND ACTION:

ACTION

1. ZIPPO. 2. B-3 3. 6 BW

4. CAPT CALVIN W. PARKER AO-793827 AND
LT COL WILLIAM E RIGGS 8499A,

5. AIRCRAFT COMMANDER AND OBSERVER, 6. 9698

7. 0845Z 17 FEB 52, 8. 3315N-10410W, → 25 miles SE
Roswell N.M.

9. 12,000FEET,

10. APPROX 1 MILE AHEAD AT AIRCRAFT, 11. 15,000FEET,

12. UNUSUAL AERIAL PHENOMENA AT 0845Z 17

FEB THE AIRCRAFT WAS AT 3315-N-1041W AT 12,000FEET.

AT THIS TIME THE PILOT SIGHTED A BALL OF
GREEN BLUE FIRE LIGHT APPROX 3 FEET IN DIAMETER,
WITH A TAIL OF 15 TO 20 FEET. STARTING
AT APPROX 15,000FEET ALTITUDE THE BALL PASSED

ABOUT 1 MILE AHEAD OF THE AIRCRAFT. THE
BALL STAYED IN SIGHT ABOUT 2 SECONDS.

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS
DOD DIR 5200.10

REF ID: A61120811 UNCLASSIFIED

SECRET

UNCLASSIFIED

CSAF ITEM 4 [SECRET] UNCLASSIFIED

ATIAA

ATIAA-2C RUPPELT FR AFQIN-V /TC FOURNET

TT-51

RE OUR ITEM 1 TT 19 FEB 52.

21 Feb 52

IN PAR 12 THE CORRECT

CSAF ITEM 4

LOCATION SHOULD READ AS FOLLOWS: 3315-N-19410W —?— ?

ATIAA

END CSAF ITEM 4 [RESTRICTED] UNCLASSIFIED

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
DOD DIR 5200.10

UNCLASSIFIED

EXTRACT FROM STATUS REPORT # 4

DATE: 17 Feb 52

TIME (Local): 0145

LOCATION: Roswell, N. Mex.

LENGTH OF TIME OBSERVED: 2 Sec.

SOUND: None

SPEED: Unknown

ALTITUDE: Above

HEADING: 135°

SOURCE: B-29 crew members

ACTION OR COMMENTS: Green fireball phenomena. No conclusions..

DESCRIPTION OF INCIDENT: Greenish-blue ball of fire was observed by a B-29 crew.

HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
THE INSPECTOR GENERAL
OFFICE OF SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS
REPORT OF INVESTIGATION

UNCLASSIFIED

REFEE NO.

24-60

DATE

29 FEB 1952

REPORT MADE BY

PELMAN R. BURNETT, S/A

SV

REPORT MADE AT

DO #21, Langley AFB

PERIOD

27 February 1951

OFFICE OF ORIGIN

DO #5, Wright-Patterson AFB

STATUS

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION

TITLE

AERIAL OBJECT (Unidentified)
Norfolk, Virginia
18 February 1952

CHARACTER

SPECIAL INQUIRY

REFERENCE

NONE - This is an initial report

SYNOPSIS

Investigation requested telephonically by Special Agent JAMES T BOYCE, DO #5, Wright-Patterson AFB, Dayton, Ohio. Unidentified aerial object was reported to have exploded near Norfolk and subsequent investigation under jurisdiction of United States Coast Guard resulted in determination that the aerial object was a meteorite which exploded when entering the earth's atmosphere.

16/6/52
16/6/52
ASTRO METEOR
DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS.
DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
DOD DIR 5200.10

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION
COULD BE DANGEROUS TO NATIONAL SECURITY
AND WILL BE CONSIDERED A VIOLATION OF
SECURITY LAWS

DISTRIBUTION

DO #5 4
HQ OSI 2
File 2

ACTION COPY FORWARDED TO

FILE STAMP

APPROVED

Pelman R. Burnett Cpt.
For: DWIGHT J SCOVEL
Lt Colonel, USAF
DISTRICT COMMANDER

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED**DETAILS:**

1. This investigation was initiated by the telephonic request of Special Agent JAMES T BOYCE, DO #5, Wright-Patterson AFB, Dayton, Ohio. This district was requested to investigate reports that a "ball of fire" was sighted near Norfolk, Virginia by Mr [REDACTED] of the U.S. Weather Bureau.

AT NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

2. On 27 February 1951 inquiry at the Offices of the United States Weather Bureau, revealed that the only person known as [REDACTED] was [REDACTED], [REDACTED] Weather Bureau's Greensboro, North Carolina Office. Weather Bureau personnel advised that the sighting of an unidentified aerial object had been investigated by the U. S. Coast Guard at Norfolk on 18 February 1952.

3. On 27 February 1951, contact with Lt EARL REINHARDT of the U. S. Coast Guard, revealed that their office had acted as the coordinating agency for an air search and investigation following receipt of a report that a "jet plane" had exploded in flight over Whaleyville, Virginia at about 1145 hours 18 February 1952. Review of the Coast Guard log book revealed the following sequence of events:

"18 February 1952

1155 hours - Received call from Langley AFB that a Mr. [REDACTED] at Whaleyville, Va. reported he saw a jet aircraft explode over Whaleyville at 1145 hours. Immediately vectored all available Air Force, Navy and Coast Guard aircraft to the scene and started search of Dismal Swamp area. A Mrs [REDACTED] called from Holland, Va. and reported seeing a white flash above her at 1145 and saw pieces falling to the ground. Preliminary reports from Air Search negative. Helicopter landed and interviews with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] revealed no further information.

1500 hours - Norfolk CAA reports that pilot of Eastern Air Lines Flight 602 reported that he was climbing on a south heading just south of Lake Drummond on the Virginia State line and noticed a bright flash pass ahead and above his plane. Initial sighting was 80° above horizon and flash continued until it disappeared at a point off his left wing at about 20° above the horizon. A trail of black smoke was left in the wake of the flash. Pilot stated the sighting was "some kind of comet".

1501 hours - Norfolk and Richmond Seismographs reported a disturbance south of Norfolk between 1130 and 1200 hours.

1503 - Mr [REDACTED] at Norfolk Weather Bureau reports a deviation on his Seismograph at about 1100 hours and a pressure surge on the barograph at 1145 hours.

UNCLASSIFIED

[REDACTED]

UNCLASSIFIED

1531 - Associated Press reported that the Weather Bureau at Greensboro reported sighting a meteorite which exploded approximately 100 miles North-north East of Greensboro at an altitude between 40,000' and 30,000'.

1552 - Captain HURST, District Intelligence Office, 5th Naval District, passed evaluation of incident as a meteorite sighting.

1600 - Air search terminated with negative report regarding sightings on ground."

REFERRED UPON COMPLETION