

PROJECT 10073 RECORD CARD

1. DATE <u>13 May 52</u>	2. LOCATION <u>Greenville, S. Carolina</u>	12. CONCLUSIONS		
3. DATE-TIME GROUP Local <u>2233</u> GMT <u>14/0233 Z</u>	4. TYPE OF OBSERVATION <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ground-Visual <input type="checkbox"/> Ground-Radar <input type="checkbox"/> Air-Visual <input type="checkbox"/> Air-Intercept Radar	<input type="checkbox"/> Was Balloon <input type="checkbox"/> Probably Balloon <input type="checkbox"/> Possibly Balloon <input type="checkbox"/> Was Aircraft <input type="checkbox"/> Probably Aircraft <input type="checkbox"/> Possibly Aircraft <input type="checkbox"/> Was Astronomical <input type="checkbox"/> Probably Astronomical <input type="checkbox"/> Possibly Astronomical <input type="checkbox"/> Other <u>POSS GEESE</u> <input type="checkbox"/> Insufficient Data for Evaluation <input type="checkbox"/> Unknown		
5. PHOTOS <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	6. SOURCE <u>3 amateur astronomers</u>			
7. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION <u>5 seconds</u>	8. NUMBER OF OBJECTS <u>4</u>	9. COURSE		
10. BRIEF SUMMARY OF SIGHTING Glowing brownish orange color. Oval shape. Straight and level. No definite conclusions Similar sightings have been geese or ducks.		11. COMMENTS Objects were in tight diamond formation. Seemed to oscillate slightly. One source seemed to indicate he thought they were geese. Size of half-dollar at arm's length.		

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THE DISAPPOINTED

1. The first step in the process of socialization is the family. The family is the primary agent of socialization. It is the first place where a child learns about the world around them. The family provides a safe environment for a child to learn and grow. The family also instills values and beliefs that will shape a child's future. The family is a key factor in determining a child's socialization.

2. The second step in the process of socialization is the school. The school is another important agent of socialization. It provides a structured environment for a child to learn and interact with others. The school also instills values and beliefs that will shape a child's future. The school is a key factor in determining a child's socialization.

3. The third step in the process of socialization is the community. The community is a key factor in determining a child's socialization. The community provides a social network for a child to interact with. The community also instills values and beliefs that will shape a child's future. The community is a key factor in determining a child's socialization.

4. The fourth step in the process of socialization is the media. The media is another important agent of socialization. It provides information and entertainment to a child. The media also instills values and beliefs that will shape a child's future. The media is a key factor in determining a child's socialization.

5. The fifth step in the process of socialization is the peer group. The peer group is a key factor in determining a child's socialization. The peer group provides a social network for a child to interact with. The peer group also instills values and beliefs that will shape a child's future. The peer group is a key factor in determining a child's socialization.

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DOD DIR 5200.10**

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13 May 1952

• Greenville, South Carolina

Description of Incident

On the night of 13 May 1952 at 2233 EST, four amateur astronomers observed a diamond formation of four oval-shaped objects. The objects were observed visually from the ground. The objects were sighted nearly overhead and disappeared at an angle of about 12° in three seconds. They were described as being reddish-yellow or reddish-brown in color. They were relative in size to a half dollar, quarter turned, at arm's length. The objects appeared to wobble in their flight and being oval-shaped appeared to be flying sideways.

The night was extremely clear. The sources stated that there was haze and ground illumination near the city, but that they were on the Furman University campus and that there were no ground lights near nor haze.

TWO → One observer was inclined to believe these were geese.

Comments

The description of this incident is very similiar to others from drive-in theaters and one from Fargo, North Dakota, on 25 April 1952, that were ducks. In this case, however, there were no ground lights in the area to reflect from a bird. This is borne out by the fact that these people had set up their telescopes in a dark area, which is essential for good astronomical observing.

It is not known how much light a bird will reflect, but it seems logical that a relatively bright ground source of light would be needed.

As was stated, one source was sure they were geese but the other three were just as sure they were not.

The possibility of aircraft is nil since they passed directly overhead with no sound.

Conclusion

Unknown

Why?

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MAY 13, 1952, GREENVILLE, SOUTH CAROLINA (KEYHOE-1953 P 148) 4 WITNESSES 00
FOUR ASTROMERS REPORTED SEEING FOUR SAUCER-SHAPED OBJECTS FLYING IN A 01
DIAMOND-SHAPED FORMATION. GLOWING A DUSKY YELLOW. THE OBJECTS PASSED 02
SILENTLY OVERHEAD, WOBBLING SEVERAL TIMES BEFORE THEY WENT OUT OF SIGHT. ALL 03
FOUR OBJECTS, THE ASTROMERS AGREED, HAD AN OVAL SHAPE, LIKE THAT OF A DISC 04
FLYING ON ITS SIDE. 05

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DEPARTMENT OF THE AIR FORCE
HEADQUARTERS UNITED STATES AIR FORCE
WASHINGTON

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THE INSPECTOR GENERAL USAF
6TH DISTRICT OFFICE OF SPECIAL INVESTIGATIONS
ROBINS AIR FORCE BASE, ROBINS FIELD, GEORGIA

SPOT INTELLIGENCE REPORT

28 MAY 1952

FILE NO: 24-0

SUBJECT: UNCONVENTIONAL AIRCRAFT SIGHTED IN GREENVILLE,
SOUTH CAROLINA AREA - 13 MAY 1952
SPECIAL INQUIRY

TO: Director of Special Investigation DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVALS;
Headquarters USAF DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
Washington 25, D. C. DOD DIR 5200.10

I. SYNOPSIS: 1st Lt ARTHUR S. PALMER, 375th Troop Carrier Wing Intelligence Officer, Donaldson AFB, South Carolina, received information from the Officer of the Day, 13 May 1952, that unidentified objects had been sighted by members of a group of amateur astronomers at approximately 2233 hours, EST, 13 May 1952.

II. DETAILS: (1) Mr. [REDACTED], Greenville, South Carolina, was interviewed by Lt. PALMER and made the following written statement:

"On the night of May 13, 1952, at approximately 2233 EST, a group of amateur astronomers of whom I was one gathered on the Campus of Furman University, Greenville, South Carolina, for an evening of observing. As we were preparing to leave, I noticed four (4) objects, modified cylinder or obloid in shape, flying at an unknown altitude on a heading of about 300 degrees. These objects were brownish orange in color and rather dull glowing in appearance.

"These objects were in a diamond formation, almost directly overhead, going on a straight course, oscillating slightly, first one side would tip up then the other. They were in sight for about five (5) seconds."

(2) Mr. [REDACTED], Greenville, South Carolina, was interviewed by Lt. PALMER and made the following written statement:

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File 24-O, subj: "Unconventional Aircraft Sighted in Greenville, S. C.
Area - 13 May 1952

"On the night of May 13, 1952, at approximately 2233 EST., a group of amateur astronomers of which I was one, were preparing to return home after an evening of observing from the Furman Campus located in Greenville, South Carolina. At this time, [REDACTED], one of the group, called our attention to what I would say were four objects, each the shape of the goose without neck or tail. They were a luminous brown or orange color, possibly translucent and flying in a diamond formation. Distance between each object was about five (5) times the width of each object.

"They were flying about ten (10) to fifteen (15) degrees from directly overhead, on a level course heading about 330 degrees. Altitude I would say was below 1000 feet if they were about the size of geese. They were visible for about ten (10) seconds."

"Their flight was oscillating in nature, first five (5) degrees up on one side and at the same time down on the other."

(3) Mr. [REDACTED], Greenville, South Carolina, was interviewed by Lt. PALMER and made the following written statement:

"On the night of May 13, 1952, at approximately 2233 EST, a group of amateur astronomers, of which I was one, gathered on the campus of Furman University located in Greenville, South Carolina. We were getting ready to call it an evening when James Richardson, one of the group, called our attention to four (4) obloid, self-illuminated, brownish yellow objects traveling in a diamond formation. These objects were in sight for about three (3) seconds traveling on a level course slightly arced to the left on a heading of about 300 degrees.

"I was unable to estimate the altitude or speed of these objects. They traveled directly overhead, making no sound, and rather wobbling in flight. Motion was similar to heavy winged birds in flight. It was a clear, quiet night, excellent for astronomy. There was a slight ground haze over the city, however, this did not extend to the Furman campus where it was perfectly clear.

"By way of further description, I would say the objects were similar to the 'Lubbock Lights' as reported in Life magazine. Approximate size would be that of a half dollar held at arms length and slightly turned."

File 24-0, subj: "Unconventional Aircraft Sighted in Greenville, S. C.
Area - 13 May 1952

III. ACTION: No action is contemplated at present by 6th District OSI (IG) in reference to this matter. Lt. PALMER has advised that Air Intelligence Information Report, Form 112, Part I, concerning this incident was forwarded Headquarters USAF on 16 May 1952.

Leo H. Johnson
LEO H. JOHNSON
Lt Colonel, USAF
District Commander

cc: CG, AMC
Wright-Patterson AFB, Ohio
ATTN: MCIS

AF 450977

COUNTRY United States	REPORT NO. 1	(LEAVE BLANK)
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AIR INTELLIGENCE INFORMATION REPORT

SUBJECT

Sighting of Unidentified Flying Objects

AREA REPORTED ON

Greenville, South Carolina

FROM (Agency)

375th T. C. Wing Intelligence

DATE OF REPORT

16 May 1952

DATE OF INFORMATION

14 May 1952

EVALUATION

PREPARED BY (Officer)

Arthur S. Palmer

SOURCE

Local Citizens

REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous report, etc., as applicable)

None

SUMMARY: (Enter concise summary of report. Give significance in final one-sentence paragraph. List inclosures at lower left. Begin text of report on AF Form 112—Part II.)

Inclosed are four (4) statements from local citizens concerning an unusual sighting made in Greenville, South Carolina, on 13 May 1952 at 22:33 EST.

The sightings were not made by military personnel, but by a group of Greenville people. Two of these, Mr. [REDACTED], a local attorney, and Mr. [REDACTED] are responsible adult citizens, and [REDACTED], a level-headed Senior High School student. These reports give a concise summary of the incident.

Mr. [REDACTED] has also furnished a more complete statement in addition to the original certified to by the Wing Intelligence Officer.

As far as is known, this constitutes the first local sighting of this nature by any creditable sources.

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DOD DIR 5200.10

ARTHUR S. PALMER
1st Lt, USAF
Wing Intelligence Officer

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4 INCLs.

ATIC 62620

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TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN

I, [Signature], make the following statement concerning
any unusual fighting which is true and correct to the best of my
knowledge.

On the night of May 13, 1952, at approximately 2235 EST, a group of amateur astronomers, of which I was one, gathered on the campus of Furman University located in Greenville, South Carolina. We were all getting ready to call it an evening when one of the group, called our attention to four (4) oblong, semi-illuminated brownish-yellow objects traveling in a diamond formation. These objects were in sight for about three (3) seconds traveling on a level course slightly angled to the left on a heading of about 300 degrees.

I was unable to determine the altitude or speed of these objects. They traveled directly overhead, making too soon, and rather wobbly, in flight. Motion was similar to being wings about this flight. It was a clear, quiet night, excellent for astronomy. The air was a slight ground haze over the city; however, this did not extend to the Sunmen camp where it was perfectly clear.

By way of further description, I would say the objects were similar to the "Tubbob Light" as reported in *UFO magazine*. Approximate size would be that of a half dollar held at arm's length and slightly turned.

WITNESS

A CERTIFIED TRUE COPY

Ruth Sibley

ARTHUR S. PAWLIK
1st Lt USAF

Greenville, S. C.

AF45094

~~PROTECTED~~ ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~ **R7C**

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

I, Mr. [REDACTED] make the following statement concerning an unusual sighting which is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

On the night of May 13, 1952, at approximately 2234 EST, a group of amateur astronomers of which I was one were preparing to return home after an evening of observing from the Furman Campus located in Greenville, South Carolina. At this time [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] one of the group, called our attention to what I would say were four objects, each the shape of a goose without neck or tail. They were a luminous brown or orange color, possibly translucent and flying in a diamond formation. Distance between each object was about five (5) times the width of each object.

They were flying about ten (10) to fifteen (15) degrees from directly overhead on a level course heading about 330 degrees. Altitude I would say was below 1000 feet. They were visible for about ten (10) seconds.

Their flight was distinctive in nature, first five (5) degrees up on one side and at the same time down on the other.

WITNESS:

Arthur S. Palmer

ARTHUR S. PALMER
1st Lt. USAF

A CERTIFIED TRUE COPY

[REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
Greenville, S. C.

AF45097

R7C

REF ID: A645092
ORFC

TOP SECRET UNCLASSIFIED

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[REDACTED] state the following statement concerning
any unusual sighting which is true and accurate to the best of my
knowledge.

On the night of May 15, 1962, an approximately 12x15 foot group
of amateur astronomers of whom I was one gathered on the
campus of Furman University, Greenville, South Carolina, for an
evening of observing. As we were preparing to leave, I noticed
some 4 objects which had a cylindrical or ovoid form shape, flying at
an altitude of about 100 degrees. These objects
were brown in color in color and were dull glowing in appearance.

These objects were in a diamond formation, almost directly over
each other and were moving in a circular motion, about 10 feet apart.
They were 100 feet from each other. They were in sight for about 30-45 (5)
seconds.

12-1-62

Cedric Polk

APPROVED BY
[REDACTED]

CRD-3740-TRU-COP

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

Greenville, S.C.

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On May 13, 1952 I was one of a group of students attending a meeting of an Astronomy Club at the University. We were on the Campus between Main and the Observatory with all the ground lights extinguished observing the various constellations, including the Orion, Vega, Altair and Rigelids. We had completed our study of single stars, double stars and were amusing ourselves by looking through telescope through the constellations and observing the ring of Saturn. We found the atmosphere to be filled with a lot of atmospheric haze and clouds and commented on the clearness of Saturn and the rings. It was the first time for several weeks that we had been able to see the rings from the planet.

At approximately 10:39 P.M. one of the members called our attention to a comet-like object passing through the zenith.

This turned out to be four solid objects, two
filaments of the color of black and white,
most closely resembling the shape of a
head. These objects were surrounded by
formation, and it is believed, surrounded by
respiration, as can be seen in any
anywhere. Some of the objects
dealt of development of the body, and
oblong, appearing to be approximately
approximately 1000 feet long
at 2000 feet above sea level.
estimated height of 1000 feet
observed at over 1000 feet above sea level.
Some bodies approximately 50 feet high
150 to 200 feet apart. Considered to be
roughly triangular in shape, pointing
direction to a degree or two to the left.
Regrettably, the exact time of
other than the first, or second, or third
were not observed. The objects
object, nor have been identified, from which
source.

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DOD DIR 5200.1A

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