1.	DATE - TIME GROUP 2 August 53 02/05302	2. LOCATION Jatsuma, Alabama
3.	SOURCE	10. CONCLUSION Astronomical (INTEON)
4.	NUMBER OF OBJECTS	Object similar to mateor.
5.	LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS
	Fow Seconds	Object appeared to taper to the rear to a point with the contro
6.	TYPE OF OBSERVATION	object plantages there ecler. One object was all that a signification with the first and interpret of speed. Lo see .
7.	COURSE	the and the ab an elititude of engroud ottol, 6-3,000 ft. It the charge charged by only a few seconds been diampeared to the decrease in a second light lounted in the ones, but observer
3.	PHOTOS	is profittive that it our not connected with the object.
	Z Yee	
9.	PHYSICAL EVIDENCE	
	Z.Y	

FTD SEP 63 0-329 (TDE) Provious saltions of this form may be used.

and distance from the observer. No sounds were associated with this object and the duration of sighting was less than a minute. Individual did not see or hear any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting. Location of the observer at the time of the sighting was southwest of Satsuma, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 50 minutes North, longitude 88 degrees 05 minutes West. Reliability B-4.

On 17 August 1953 at 2055 hours local time, and and were looking for the Little Dipper when they saw the flying object. It appeared as a bright reddish glow heading from the North to the South and parallel to himny 43, on the East side. Object was traveling at a high rate of speed and at a fairly high altitude. Both observers agreed that this object far exceeded the speed of jet aircraft they had seen in this area. Duration of the sighting lasted for approximately three seconds. Heither of the observers saw or heard any mircraft in the area at the time of the sighting. There was no sound associated with this object nor did it appear to be a meteor or a star. Location of the observers at the time of sighting was in Satsuma, Alabema, latitude 30 degrees 51 minutes North, longitude 88 degrees 03 minutes West. Reliability C-3.

Reliability of observers is as stated above.

No interception was attempted since the sightings were late in being reported.

The weather is reported as in Inclosure #7.

FOR THE COMMANIER:

Evaluated as put piles (meter), besone of the aristance sighting of a mater shower.

· DATE	WIND HT	WHO DIR-SPD	TEMP	DEW · FT	MSBY	SEY CONDITION
31 July 2030 HR	Surface 3000	0alm 170/5	78	72	9	25,000 scattered
	5000	140/10	63			
	10,000	130/10	64			
	20,000	170/15				
1 Aug	Surface	240/6	82	74	10	Clear
2030 HR	3000	180/10			10	010111
	5000	150/10	61			
	10,000	140/10	46			
	20,000	160/15				
2 1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25010	80	74	10	07
2 Aug 0030 HR	Surface 3000	260/5	00	14	10	Clear
	5000	170/15	59			
	10,000	190/10	45			
	20,000	160/5				
2		alia la	00	77	10	2502
2 Aug 1730 HR	Surface 3000	250/8	87	73	12	25,000 scattered
-1,5	5000	270/10	64			
	10,000	260/10	61			
	20,000	190/10				
	20,000	.,,,,,				
17 Aug	Surface	190/8	82	71	10	25,000 scattered
2055 HR	3000	120/5	Z1.			
	10,000	020/5	64 48			
	15,000	200/5				
	20,000	250/10			*	

- Dice 7'

1. DATE - TIME GROUP	2. LOCATION				
17 August 53 13/02550	Satsuma, Alabara				
3. SOURCE	10. CONCLUSION				
Civillians	istrono esi (iliruon)				
4. NUMBER OF OBJECTS					
Cne	Mateor sighting.				
S. LENGTH OF OBSERVATION	11. BRIEF SUMMARY AND ANALYSIS				
3 Reconds	Object appearing to be a Uright reddich glow with a curved				
6. TYPE OF OBSERVATION	at a migh specific of				
From 1-Vicual	100 G 112 311 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3				
7. COURSE					
South					
8. PHOTOS					
D Yes					
9. PHYSICAL EVIDENCE					
D Y					

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United States - MATS

FLYCERPT

Muli

Alabama

Intelligence Div., Hq. CNTLD, MATS, Kelly AFB, San Antonio, Texas

1/2055 MM

4 September 1953 17 August 1953

1703d ATG, CMTLD, MATS, Brookley AFB,

J. M. PENNY, Lt. Colonel, USAF

Alabama

TWX FR: Comdr. 1703d ATG, DTG 012241Z; IR's-453-, 454-, 455-, & 456-53-MATS

Submitted in accordance with AF Letter No. 200-5, dated 20 April 1952, Subject: Unidentified Flying Objects Reporting.

At approximately 2055 hours CST, 17 August 1953, an unidentified flying object was observed for approximately three (3) seconds by two (2) civilians from surface position at Satsume, Alabama, 30° 51' N - 88° 03' W at a high altitude (no estimate in feet) traveling in a north to south direction at a high rate of speed.

Object appeared to be a bright reddish glow with a curved leading edge. No sounds were heard. Object did not appear to resemble a meteor or a star.

No electric were observed to the area at the time of the sighting.

Weather: 25,000 ft scattered clouds, visibility 10 miles; temperature 82° 7, Dew Point 71° F. Surface winds 040/8K, 3,000 ft winds 160/5K; 5,000 ft winds 120/5K, temperature 64° F; 10,000 ft winds 200/5K, temperature 48° F; 15,000 ft winds 200/5K; 20,000 ft winds 250/10K.

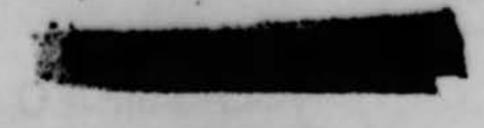
APPROVED:

J. M. PENNY Lt. Colonel, USAF Chief, Intelligence Division

3. Sectional Aero Chart (Mobile)

(3 contes) - 5 - 2 5 - 2 5 - 5

DOWNGRADED AT 3 YEAR INTERVED DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS.
DOD DIR 5200.10



SATSUMA, ALARAMA

On 17 August 1953 at 20:55 FM local time, I was atanding near Hiway
43 approximately 100 yards south of the Drug Store in Satsuma,
Alabama, with my brother Washer Washer

/t/ SATSUMA, ALABAMA

THIS IS MITHUE COFY

Mador, USAF/

Intelligence officer

17 Aug

Creola, Alabama

Insuf info; prob not worth follow-up 0-6

UNCLASSIFIED



UNCLASSIFIED

Hq. CNTLD, MATS, Kelly AFB, Texas

IR-457-53

STATEMENT OF WITNESSES

1. NEIL HARTLEY

Satsuma, Alabama

on 17 August 1953 at 2055 PM local time, I was standing near Hiway 43 approximately 100 yards south of the property of the Little Dipper when we saw this object in the sky East of the hiway. It was traveling parallel to the hiway from the North to the South at an intense rate of speed and at a fairly high altitude. The object appeared to be a bright reddish glow with a curved leading edge being the only distinct feature. There was no sound associated with the object. It flew in straight and level flight with the duration of the sighting being very short. I did not hear or see any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting.

(SIGNED) Satsuma, Alabama

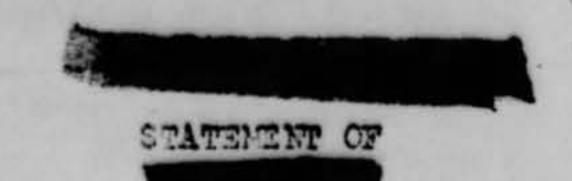
2. ROY HARTLEY

Satsume, Alabama

on 17 August 1953 at 2055 PM local time. I was standing near Hiway 43 approximately 100 yards south of the the Drug Store in Latsuma, Alabama, with my brother Market Mark

(SIGNED) Satsume, Alabama

WNGRADED AT 2 YEAR INTERVA-DECLASSIFIED AFTER 12 YEARS. DOD DIR 5200.10

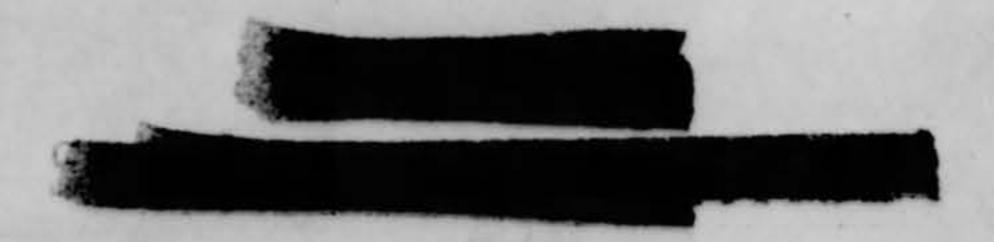


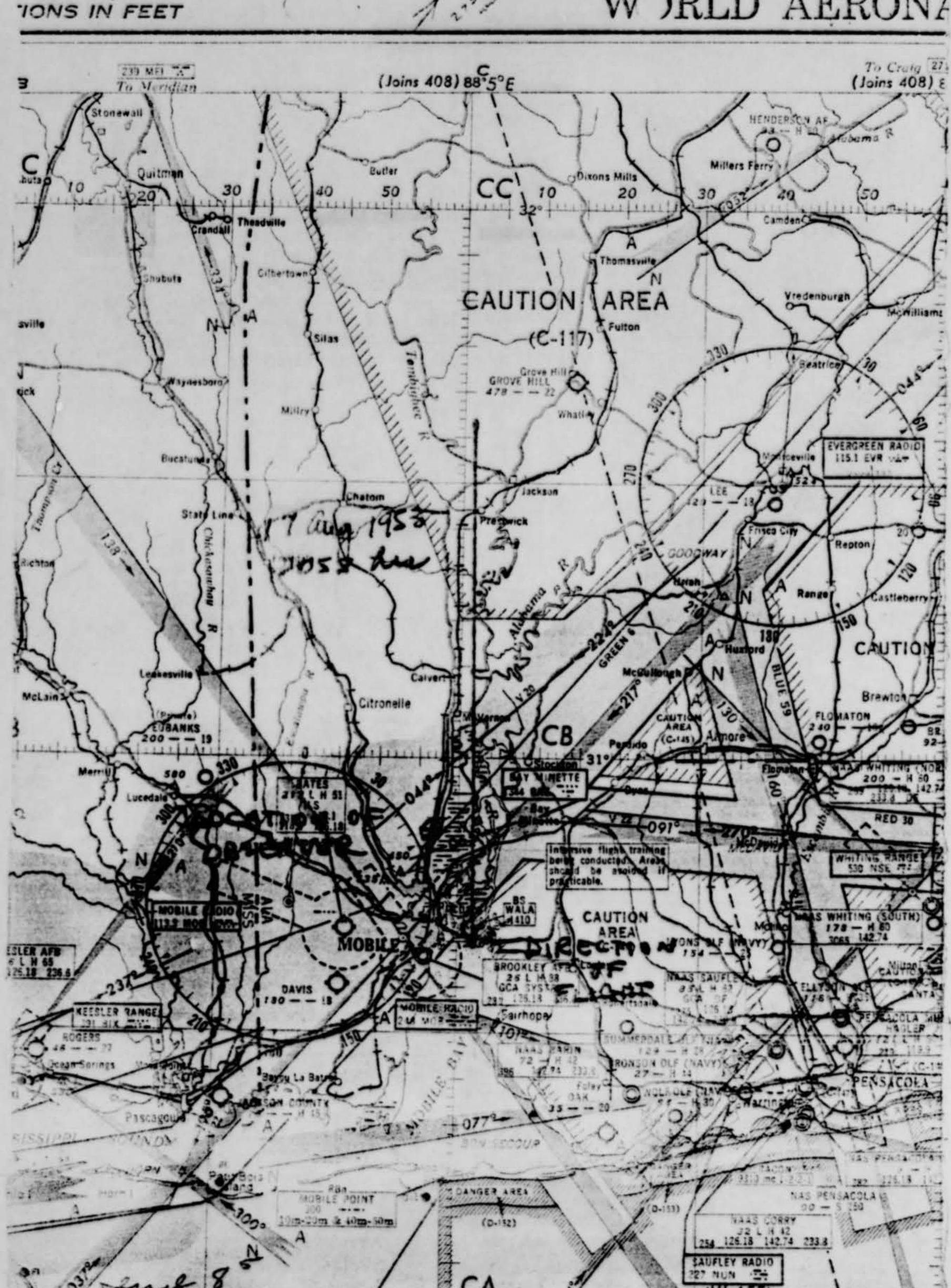
SATSUMA, ALABAMA

THIS IS A TRUE COPY

Major, USAF / Intelligence Officer

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FM COMDR 1793RD AT GP BROOKLEY AFB ALA

TO JEPHQ/DIRECT INTELLIGENCE HQ USAF WASHDC

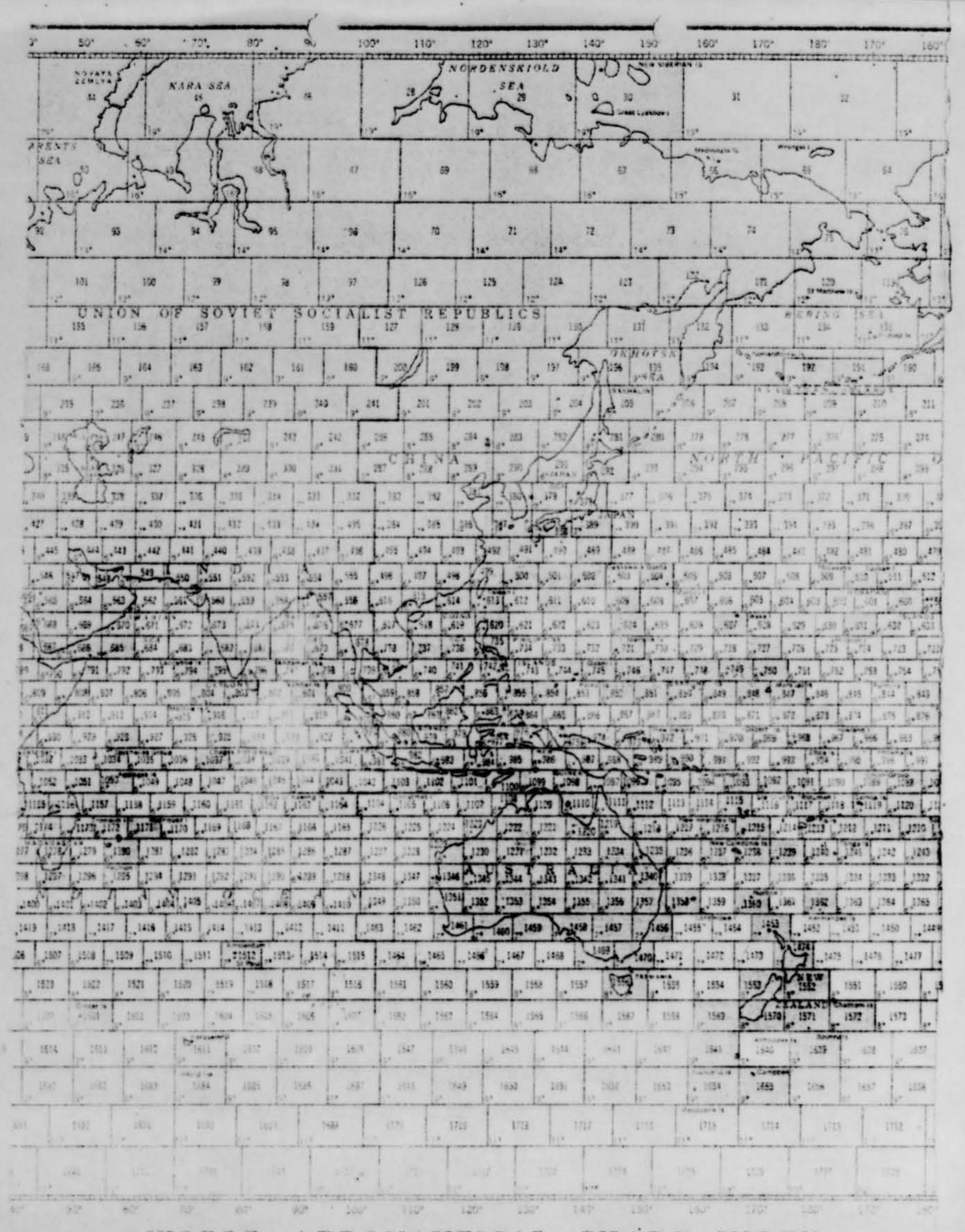
JEDUP/CHIEF AIR MICAL INTELLIGENCE CENTER WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB OHIO

JEDEN/COMDG GEN AIR DEFENSE COMMAND ENT AFB COLO

JEPFF/CHHEF I TELLIGENCE DIVISION HQ MATS WASHDC

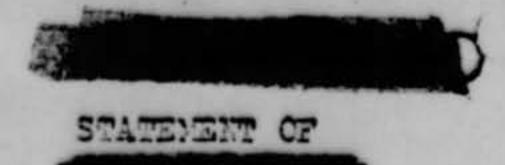
JUFMB/COMDR CNTL VIS KELLY AFB TEX ANCLASSIFIED

INTELLIGENCE OFFICER KELLY AFB PD FLYOBRPT ON 31 JULY 1953
AT 2000-2030L ONE UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT WAS SIGHTED. APPEARED TO BE
A BRIGHT REDDISH FLUORESCENT GLOW HEADING FROM SOUTHWEST TO THE
NORTHEAST AND CROSSING HWAY 43 NORTH OF CREOLA ALABAMA. OBJECT
TRAVELING AT A HIGH RATE OF SPEED AND FAIRLY HIGH ALTITUDE. NO
SOUNDS WERE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS LIGHT AND FURATION OF SIGHTING
WAS ONLY A FEW SECONDS BEFORE DISAPPEARING. LIGHT DID NOT RESEMBLE
STAR OR METEO AND APPEARED LARGE IN SIZE. LOCATION OF OBSERVER AT
TIME OF SIGHTING WAS APPROXIMATELY ONE AND ONE HALF HELE MORTH OF



WORLD AERONAUTICAL CHART INDEX

Scale of Series 1:1,000,000



SATSUMA, ALABAMA

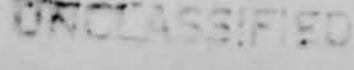
On the night of 1-2 August at approximately 12:30 AM local time, I was on my way home from Creola, Alabama, on hiway 43, heading south, I was approaching the area of Gunnison Creek between Creola and Satsuma, Alabama, when I saw an object in the sky East of the hiway. To me the object had a curved leading edge which was the only feature that seemed to be distinct in shape. The rest of the object appeared to taper to the rear to a point with the entire object glowing an amber color. One object was all that was sighted on a heading from North to the South at an intense rate of speed. There was no sound associated with the object and it did not resemble a star or a meteor. The object was fairly large in size and was as best to my knowledge at approximately 6-8000 feet in altitude. I saw the object for what seemed to be only a few seconds then disappeared to the South paralleling the hiway. There is also a Beacon Light located in the area, but I can definitely state that it was not connected with the object. The weather was clear with no moon but with many bright stare.

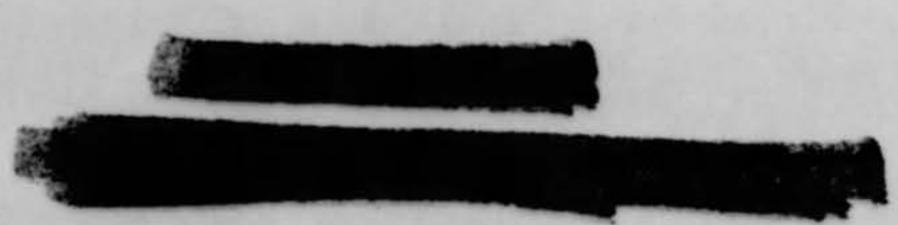
/t/
SATSUNA, ALABAMA

THIS IS, A TRUE COPY

Major, USAF

Intelligence Officer





ON 17 AUGUST 1953 AT 2255L ONE UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT SIGHTED APPEARED TO BE A BRIGHT REDDISH GLOW HEADING FROM MORTH TO SOUTH FLIGHT WAS APRALLEL TO HIWAY 43 ON EAST SIDE. OBJECT WAS TRAVELING AT A HIGH RATE OF SPEED AND AT A FAIRLY HIGH ALTITUDE WITH THE LEADING EDGE APPEARING CURVED. NO SOUNDS WERE ASSOCIATED WITH THE LIGHT AND DID NOT APPEAR TO BE STARS OR METEOR. OBSERVERS DID NOT SEE OR HEAR ANY AIRCRAFT IN THE AREA AT THE TIME OF THE SIGHTING DURATION OF WHICH WAS APPROXIMATELY TWO TO THREE SECONDS. LOCATION OF OBSERVERS AT THE TIME OF SIGHTING WAS IN SATSUMA ALABAMA WEST SIDE OF HIVAY 43. LATITUDE 30 DEGREES 51 HIMUTES MORTH. LONGITUDE 88 DEGREES 63 MINUTES WEST. RELIABILITY OF NEW C-3. RELIABILITY OF C-3. WEATHER 25000 FEET SCATTERED CLOUDS. SURFACE WINDS 949/8K TEMPERATURE 82 DEGREES F DEW POINT 71 DEGREES F. VISIBILITY 15 HILES. 3000 FEET WINDS 160/5K. 5000 FEET WI

PAGE SIX JESBY 586Y

WINDS 126/5K TEMPERATURE 64 DEGREES F. 10000 FEET WINDS 250/5K. TEMPERATURE 48 DEGREES F. 15000 FEET WINDS 250/5K.

TO INTELLIGENCE OFFICER BROOKLEY AIR FORCE BASE ALABAMA.

UNCLASSIFIED

Multi

HEADQUARTERS

MOBILE AIR MATERIEL AREA

ALABAMA

IN REPLY

REFER TO

SUBJECT:

MOIP

Transmittal of AF Form 112

3 September 1953

TERU:

Commander

Air Materiel Command

ATTN: Chief, Air Technical Intelligence Center,

ATIA A-20

Wright-Fatterson Air Force Base, Ohio

TOT

Director of Intelligence

Headquarters, USAF Washington 25, D. C.

Transmitted herewith is AF Form 112 in accordance with Air Force Letter 200-5 and 29 April 1952.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

1 Incl

AF Form 112 | I and II)

w/8 incls (in quad)

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Major, USIA

Intelligence Officer

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REV. 27 DEC 41

United States of America	REPORT NO.	(LEAVE BLANK)
	GENICE II	NFORMATION REPORT
SUBJECT AIR INTELLI	GENCE II	A OMMATION REPORT
AREA REPORTED ON		I spou (America)
Prockley Air Porce Bass, Alabera	FINFORMATION	Intelligence Office, Brookley AFP, Alabama
PREPARED BY (Officer)	July thro	ugh 17 July 1955 E-3
Harry Griffin, Major, USAF		- Conce
AFT. 200-5	icable)	
	Anal one-emience pa	ragraph. List inclosures at lower left. Begin text of report on AF Form 118-Part II.)
Five unidentified flying of and Satsuma, Alabama, on dates fr		erved by six persons in vicinity of Creola y through 17 August 1953.
		Malor, USAF Officer
INCLS.		
2. Cy Statement of Mrs. 3. Cy Statement of Mrs. 4. Cy Statement of Mrs. 5. Cy Statement of Mrs. 6. Cy Statement of Mrs.		7. Weather Report 8. Five Maps of Sightings
	UNICUAS	SIFIED

Details: At approximately 1500 CST, 26 August 1953, the 1703d ATG Intelligence Officer was notified by the MOANA Intelligence Officer of the report of five separate unidentified flying objects observed by Mr. Herman O. Lister, Mrs Ada Bella Lister, Mr C. W. Mathison, Mr. Weil and Roy Hartley, and Mrs. Willie Hughes. The dates of the sightings were from 31 July 1953 through 17 August 1953, inclusive.

The Intelligence Officer of the 1703d ATG conducted an investigation and obtained the following statements from the observers:

On 31 July 1953 at approximately 2000-2030 hours local time, Mr. Herman O. Lister, a grocer in Creola, Alabama, was on his way home from Greela handing North on hivay 43, when he sighted the flying object. The object appeared into his field of vision through the windshield of his vehicle from the Southwest, crossed the hivay and disappeared to the Northeast. The object was traveling at a high rate of speed and at a fairly high altitude. The object glowed a bright reddish fluorescent color and duration of sighting was for only a few seconds. No sounds were associated with the glow and did not appear to rescuble a meteor or a shooting star. The location of the observer at the time of sighting was about one mile North of Greela, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 54 minutes North, longitude 83 degrees 02 minutes West. Reliability B-3.

On 1 August 1953 at 2030 hours local time, Mrs. Ada Belle Lister was getting into her vehicle when she sighted the flying object. This object was on the west side of hiway 43 hending from the Northeast to the Southwest at a high rate of speed. She could not estimate the altitude other than stating that it was at a fairly high altitude and that the object was not too far away from where she was standing. She stated that this object appeared to glow a reddish color in the leading part and a dull amber color in the remaining part. Light did not recemble a meteor or a chooting star and no sound was associated with the light. Duration of the sighting could not have lasted more than two or three seconds. Location of the observer at the time of the sighting was in Greela, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 56 minutes North, longitude 88 degrees 02 minutes North. Reliability B-3.

On 2 August 1953 at 0030 hours local time, Nr. C. V. Mathicon, Methodist Preacher, was on his way home from Creola to Satoums, Alabama when he sighted the flying object. It glowed an amber color overall with the brightest glow on the leading edge which appeared to be curved like the circumference of a besketball and gave the appearance blurred and tapered toward the rear. The object was heading from the North to the South in straight and level flight parallel to hiway 43, on the East side, at a high altitude. Subject stated that he could not estimate altitude so he guessed that it was 6-8000 feet high. It appeared to be fairly large in size with no sounds associated and traveling at a high rate of speed. Speed was estimated to be much faster than the jet aircraft seen in this area. Individual stated he has knowledge of Moteorology and that the object was neither a meteor nor a shooting star. Observer did not see or hear any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting. Location of the observer at the time of the sighting was at Gunnison Creak, approximately one mile south of Creela. Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 52 minutes North, longitude 88 degrees 02 minutes Mest. Reliability B-2.

On 2 August 1953 at 1630-1730 hours local time, Mrs. Willis Hughes was citting in her back yard when she sighted the flying object. It appeared to be shoped like a parachute or a balloon in descent, wide at the top and tapered to a point at the batton. It was traveling at an intense rate of speed in a downward path from the Marthwest to the Southeast. Units in descent, the ships gave of a bright reflection caused by the rays of the sun striking is and also giving it the appearance of spinning while descending. Object appeared small due to the high altitude

HOTE: THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE ACT, 50 U. S. C.—
31 AND 32, AS AMENDED. ITS TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.

IT MAY NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR IN PART, BY OTHER THAN UNITED STATES AIR FORCE AGENCIES, EXCEPT BY PERMISSION OF THE DIRECTOR OF
INTELLIGENCE, USAF.

NO PAGES

and distance from the observer. No sounds were associated with this object and the duration of sighting was less than a minute. Individual did not see or hear any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting. Iosation of the observer at the time of the sighting was southwest of Satsuma, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 50 minutes North, longitude 88 degrees 05 minutes West. Reliability B-4.

On 17 August 1953 at 2055 hours local time. and were hooking for the Little Dipper when they saw the flying object. It appeared as a bright reddish glow heading from the North to the South and parallel to himmy 43, on the East side. Object was traveling at a high rate of speed and at a fairly high altitude. Both observers agreed that this object far exceeded the speed of jet aircraft they had seen in this area. Duration of the sighting lasted for approximately three seconds. Neither of the observers saw or heard any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting. There was no sound associated with this object nor did it appear to be a meteor or a star. Location of the observers at the time of sighting was in Satsuma, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 51 minutes North, longitude 28 degrees 03 minutes West. Reliability C-3.

Reliability of observers is as stated above.

No interception was attempted since the sightings were late in being reported.

The weather is reported as in Inclosure #7.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

Intelligence Office:

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· DATE	WIID HT	WID DIR-SPD	TEMP	DEM · PT	WSBY	SEY COMDITION
31 July	Surface	Calm	78	72	9	25,000 scattered
2030 HR	3000	170/5				
	5000	140/10	63			
	10,000	110/15	04			
	20,000	130/10				
	20,000	1.10113				
1 Aug	Surface	240/6	82	74	10	Clear
2030 HR	3000	180/10		Section 1		
	5000	150/10	61			
	10,000	140/10	46			
	15,000	120/15				
	20,000	160/15				
2 Aug	Surface	260/5	80	74	10	Clear
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17 Aug	Surface	3/040	82	71	10	25,000 scattered
2055 HR	3000	160/5	-			-J, compositou
	5000	120/5	64			
	10,000	020/5	48			
	15,000	200/5				
	20,000	250/10			•	

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Mexican Adventure

By Desmond Leslie

Flying Saucers are still news. World Science Review is frequently asked to publish articles on this contentious topic and we here give, without comment or necessarily agreeing with the opinions expressed, the author's report on one of the investigations made during a recent tour of the Americas, where he addressed numerous meetings and spoke on thirty radio and T.V. circuits about flying saucers.

SALVADOR VILLANEUVA IS ABOUT forty years old. He has a wife and seven children. He neither smokes nor drinks and is well respected in his Mexico City home. By trade he is a driver: owning a car which he plies for hire mainly to tourists.

For some time he feared to tell of his strange experience lest people thought him deceitful or mad (how often have we heard this fear expressed!) But when the Mexican papers began a series of articles on flying saucers, he took courage and wrote to the journalist concerned asking for an interview. Since that day he has been subjected to all manner of tests for his integrity and accuracy as a reporter. He has come through them all with full marks.

Breakdown

Between August 17-20, 1953, Villaneuva was employed by a couple of Texan tourists to drive them from Mexico City to the Texan Border. After covering about sixty miles successfully, they had just passed Cuidad Valley when horrible noises came from the crankshaft and the car ground to a halt. Examination showed that oil had leaked from the differential and it soon became obvious that the car would go no further, not that night at any rate. The Texans were angry. They unloaded their baggage, engaged another car and drove off without paying. Salvador tried to obtain help but without success. By then it was beginning to rain so he decided there was nothing for it but to spend the night in his car and make arrangements for repairs in the morning.

A little later, about six p.m., he crawled under the car for another look at the damage, in the faint hope he might be able to do semething to get humself away from this lonely spot. While he lay on his back beneath the car he became aware that he had company.

Small Men

Right by his nose were two pairs of feet. The feet and the legs-what he could see of them from his prone position-were normal except that they were encased in a substance like seamless grey corduroy. Salvador scrambled up to find himself face to face with a couple of pleasantlooking men no more than four foot six in height. Now, in Mexico, there are many short people. Many of the peasants do not exceed four and a half feet, so Villaneuva was not unduly alarmed. He noticed they were both clad from neck to the tips of their toes in this one-piece grey material, broken only by a wide perforated shiny belt. Round their necks they wore metal collars and, on the back of their necks a small black shiny box.

belinets similar to those worn by jet-pilots or American football players, so he assumed them to be some kind of aviators who had landed nearby.

The men smiled at him and one opened the conversation:

"Yes," answered the driver, "my differential has broken, as far as I can see."

Odd Accent

The man who addressed him smiled sympathetically and spoke of one or two casual things. He asked Villaneuva a little about himself, and he seemed quite friendly. The driver, however, noticed that this man had a peculiar accent as though he seemed to be stringing words together. His companion said nothing, but occasionally smiled or made other expressions suggesting he understood, so Salvador asked: "Doesn't your friend speak Mexican?"

"No, but he is able to understand

he invited the two visitors to shelter with him in the car. When they were inside they continued the conversation.

" Are you aviators?"

"Yes, we are."

"Is your plane near here?"

" Not very far."

"Where have you come from, if I might ask?"

"We have come from very far."

And they smiled.

Still he felt there was nothing wrong until, as the night descended, his strange new friend betrayed by his conversation that he knew far too much for an ordinary man, not only about this world but about others also. He spoke of places and cities and people that made Villaneuva a little afraid. Finally, somewhere around dawn, he asked him the question that was creeping into his mind.

"No," came the answer, "We are not of this planet. We come from one far distant, but we know

much about your world."

Of course, he did not believe him right away. At first he felt they were playing some kind of practical joke on him, and the second man's silent smiles irked him. Several times during the night he accused them of taking the mickey out of him.' Poor Villaneuva! By the time dawn broke he was a very confused man.

Invitation

After sunrise, his companions said they must leave. Then they asked if he would care to see their machine. Still faintly hoping to find a conventional aircraft with wings and propellors Villaneuva agreed to follow them. They led the way through the bushes across a rather swampy piece of land for about half a kilometre. Onwards they walked, his two visitors marching ahead of him. The ground became wet and treacherous; he was sinking into muddy pools, sometimes almost to his knees. But the men in front-his eyes popped-the men in front were not sinking at all. When their grey-clad feet touched muddy pools the mud sprang away from them as if repelled by some invisible force. No dirt ever seemed to come in contact with them and they remained unsported although his own boots were by now caked in mud.

He hesitated. The men in front acturned and smiled encouragement.

So he plucked up his courage and followed through the rain-soaked scrub. Their feet fascinated him. What incredible force allowed them to walk over modely pools ancontuminated? And what—again he felt afraid—what strange force caused their perforated belts to glow with their own light each time this happened?

Flying Saucer photographed by George Adamste, California, 1952. This is probably the most discussed fixing namer hicture issued.

The "Saucer"

Suddenly they came out into a kind of clearing. There it stood, a great shiny craft unlike anything the simple Mexican had ever seen. In form it had the shape of two huge soup plates joined at the rim. Above it was a shallow dome with portholes. The entire structure, about forty feet across, tested on three giant metal spheres or landing balls. Unless this was some secret invention from the United States, it was surely a ship from another world.

As they approached a faint humming came from within the craft and a portion of the lower hull opened outwards, much in the manner of the rear entrance to a D.C.4, so that the inner side of the panel formed a staircase to the craft and the supporting cables became handrails. The two men went up the short flight of steps, pausing on the top to turn and look at their earthly companion.

"Would you care to come inside with us?" came the invitation.

Villaneuva could only shake his head. His wife, his family, his job, his home and all the things he knew and loved suddenly seemed very real. No, he would be afraid to leave them for something alien and atterly beyond his understanding.

Se rurned and run.

when he regained the road he was asping for breath. He could hardly believe his own senses. That this should have happened to him! Impossible!

Pendulum Motion

Than he took a glance back the the had come. Something was back there among the omething light was appearmething glowing white rose slowly into view, hovering for a moment, then gaining speed it began a kind of pendulum motion, a backwas and forwards arcing movethe a falling leaf going up of down. It attained an of several hundred feet by the method; then, glowing brighter, sta up vertically with incredible speed. In seconds it was lost to sight. Only a faint swishing sound marked as passage.

Villaneuva told no one. He had work to do. His car needed attention and it was the next night before he got back to his home. His wife at once noticed his strained appearance and asked him what was wrong. Making quite sure none of the children were listening, he told her, faltering and hesitant, convinced she would consider him insane.

"No," she replied. "I do not think you insane. I know you. You are my husband and you would not deceive me. But others—others will not believe you. Promise me you will tell no one."

Thus Salvador Villaneuva kept the mystery to himself and a series of open-minded articles by findico Espinosay-y-Cossio prompted nim to tell others of his experience. To date he has not seen his visitors again. (Another man in Mexico has since then had a more amazing experience).

A Reliable Man

When I visited Mexico in November, 1955, I sought out the group of journalists and investigators who

thoroughly since the occurrence. They were most helpful and arranged a meeting with an interpreter at which I could interview him personally. He gave me every impression of being a trustworthy reliable human being, the kind of man you would trust to take your jewellery to a bank or to look after your children if suddenly called away. I liked him very much, and I thoroughly believe his story.

But I am not alone. All who have investigated him have come to the same conclusion. On one occasion Mr. and Mrs. Charles Reeves, ardent researchers from Ohio, took Villaneuva with a group of investigators and journalists to find and establish the place of contact. They found the pull-in beside the road where he had parked the broken-down car, and after a little recollection Villaneuva set up with his stick the line of direction where he remembered seeing the ship take off.

Landing Place Discovered

The party followed this line until they came across a clearing where bushes and sticks had been broken down by some heavy object within a circle roughly 40-50 feet in diameter. Later, one of the party secretly moved the stick about fifteen degrees, and when they regained the road, asked Villaneuva to re-confirm the direction. He studied the line of sight carefully and moved the stick back about lifteen degrees to its original position. He was quite certain, he said, that this was the true direction because he had noted the exact background in the distant landscape against which the saucer had first appeared on take-off.

Now such powers of observation may seem remarkable. But I had a chance to see them demonstrated for myself when we took the mountain

but six inches from the edge. But I never felt afraid for I sensed that here was a man who knew exactly what he was doing and whose sight and judgment were above average.

Out on the road he related and re-enacted the story to his examiners without change or contradiction. The schole enisode was what he had seen and heard; just that and no more. A practical working-man he had learned to use his eyes, and he was not in the habit of being deceived.

When I showed him the photos of the Adams is a scen he said that though it was similar to his ship there were several ma or differences: for example, the touble convex hull and the curved underside. He did not believe his visitors were Venusians. They were small and clad in this one-piece cast parment covering the feet as well as the body. He had the impression from their talk, though they did not name any planet, that they had come from somewhere much further than Venus, maybe from worlds beyond our vision entirely.

Then, without his direct awareness, I asked him to give me the 'Key.' By this I mean that every man who has received a true and physical contact with men from other worlds has been a certain 'Key' whereby it shall be known that he is speaking truly. No man, though he lived a hundred years, could ever sturn by guess or change a simple countrylaneuva had spoken and a truth he could not to a Possibly I am the only 'larran' to hold it. It is the which all falsely claiming contact traigh vain or neurotic reasons

any as a But obviously I cannot be as a nature or it would lose all asse on future occasions.

NOTES

Again or come across the invisible repulsion neid so common to contacts (i.e. Bethurum, Contrents, Turin, Adamski) this time operating on the visitors' bodies to prevent moder feet and tinking in the ooze.

We have the 'falling leaf' or pendulum motion, described by so many close witnesses. This is now believed to be due to some kind of fluctuation on the snip as it 'falls' from one magnetic line to another while near the earth's surface.

The concurred against suggest a simple, comfortable actions to the luminous test and the between narried under the arm are, however new additions to the space-wardroom. There accomed to be some connection nervent me glowing of the belt and the power motors are much

when grounded growed with a bright white light on comment a green which increased with the toest of search Apathies common occurrence.

A Reliable Man

the supplication and a second to the second

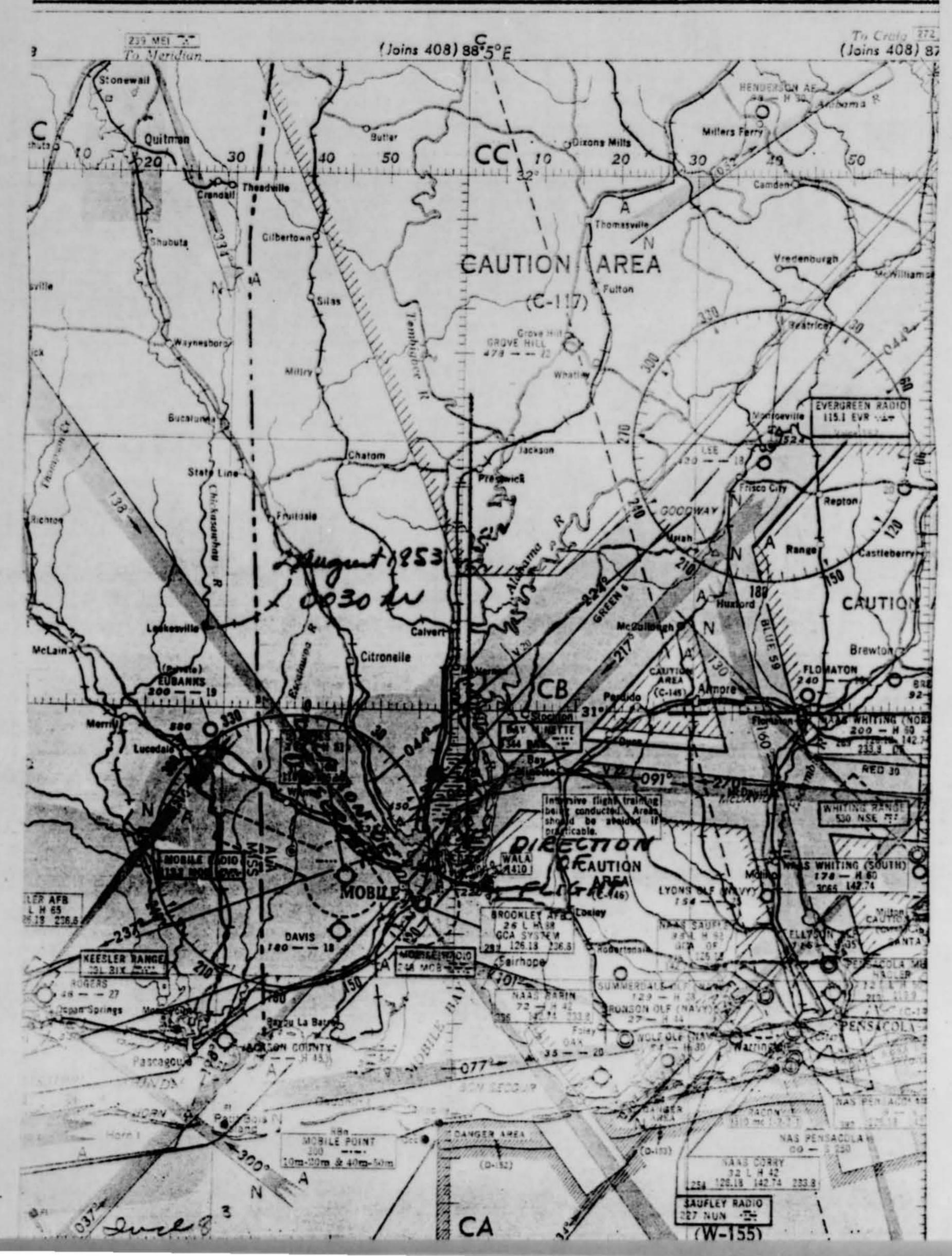
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NEW HAVE ", Com

CRIFO NEWS LETTER

MISSILE PIECES METAL SIGNEDARD. DREAKS SUMMER LULL:
On August 19, a small related his a fireball, pierced a metal signboard
near New Mayen. Coan the object continued its horizontal flight before disappearing vertically. The Defense Dept. told me that his vestigation did not
substantiate claim, but I fater learned that a Milwaukee laboratory, who exsubstantiate claim, but I fater learned that a Milwaukee laboratory, which ruled
out the meteorite explanation!





SAFIS-3/Maj Tacker/jmd/\$3328

15 April 1958

Dear Mr.

This is to acknowledge your letter of 18 February 1958 concerning unidentified flying objects and the spectographic analysis of metallic fragments by the Bendix Aviation Corporation.

The person who sent these fragments to the Bendix Corporation identified them as fragments from a flying saucer.

The Bendix Corporation did not identify them as part a flying saucer. Bendix reported only on the metallic metent of the fragments as copper or copper oxide, a

Sincerely,

Major, USAF Executive Officer Public Information Division Office of Information Services

Port Washington, New York

cc: Mr. Hieatt

READER-SAFIS-3 STAYBACK-SAFIS-3

.mo ROUTING SLIP	CURRENCES, OR SIMIL	
MAJOR L. J. TACKER	INITIALS	CIRCULATE
ORGANIZATION AND LOCATION SATIS-3 - OSAF	DATE	COORDINATION
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addressed to be	ghting in Kake 19 to other aerial netant study by the segments examined to person who sent to hem as fragments ation did not idea or. Bendix report e fragments. Your om science fiction nsible for the sta ns contained in the person keeps the sta	d as follow 55 has been phenomena he Air Forc by the Bend hese fragme from a flyi atify them ted only on r informati magazines atements, nem. Etc.
L. Your ment of A UFO si received and will be added reports despect to the fr Aviation Comporation, the to the Hendix identified to saucer. The Sundix Corpor as a part of a flying sauce the metallic content of the was apparent obtained from the Air Force is not response	ghting in Kake 19 to other aerial netant study by the segments examined to person who sent to hem as fragments ation did not idea or. Bendix report e fragments. Your om science fiction nsible for the sta ns contained in the person keeps the sta	tas follow 55 has been phenomena he Air Forc by the Bend hese fragme from a flyi ntify them ted only on r informati n magazines atements, nem. Etc. Laterela
L. Your ment of A UFO since ive and will be added reports to the fragment to the fraction Corporation, the to the Bendix identified to the Bendix Corporate as a part of a flying save the metal content of the was apparent obtained fractions, or conclusion from have evidently before.	ghting in Kake 19 to other aerial netant study by the segments examined to person who sent to hem as fragments ation did not idea or. Bendix report e fragments. Your om science fiction nsible for the sta ns contained in the person keeps the sta	is as follows 55 has been phenomena he Air Force by the Bendher fragments on the first on the magazines at ements, nem. Etc. Late relations requested)

ECLIPSE - PIONEER DIVISION OF BENDIX AVIATION CORPORATION TETERBORO, NEW JERSEY

21/10/53

Spectrographic Laboratory

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CENTRAL PROPERTY OF THE PARTY O	17.00 · 10.00			

Spectographic analysis of metallic fragments of a UFO. Apparently these were deposited by impact of object as it tore through signboard at New Haven, Conn. courtess access to nomines



Trend Book 145



Joseph Barbieri examines bole made by "UFO" in signboard in New Haven, A. C. ROBERTS PHOTO

not know what to think.

"Then it happened!

"Exactly as I had described, a white globe with great brilliance appeared parallel with the horizon. It followed a zig-zag path for quite a distance and than began to slow down and disappear.

"At last we had done it! This was the signal of a space shap from another world.

We had established contact!

"Had the other group made contact? We wondered. Did they see the signal too?

"As we approached the car, we heard the group calling us. They, too, had made con-

tact. They knew it was a signal.

"The most amazing thing, however, was that a member of the other group also had received a telepartite message that a signal would come and where it would appear.

"When both groups were together, a thought seemed to prevail unanimouslya space ship would approach at around eleven o'clock

"Our groups went back to their places again. We was to see if a space ship would come the wight.

"The time ... P.M. Shortly a glowing object appeared our over the gulf. It so I told them: 'If you really want to came closer and performed some unique maneuvers. It had appeared at exactly the same place where the signal was last seen.

"On and on a same. We finally were able to steady our tomaculars on it. It had a dome and flat bereit. We no longer felt the cold wind nor beand he roar of the gulf. ...

"It was a space thip from another, world!

"It was not coming toward us, however, but was approaching the car. We would have to start for the car so that we could meet the ship there.

"As we moved rapidly for the car, something happened. The space ship was now moving away! Gradually it disappeared from sight. Our hopes fell, But then we turned. Down the beach a car was approaching.

"Several times during the craft's approach, automobiles came into sight down the beach, and each time the object would mysteri-

ously lose its luminosity.

"Then the object again came nearer-and then it hovered. This time it did not lose its luminosity. A car was coming down the beach. We couldn't understand why the object did not again disappear.

"The car drove up to us and kept its

lights on. It was the State Highway Patrol: Our first thought was to keep them from seeing the object, so John McCoy and David Piller walked over to the left side of the car hoping to block their view of the object. At the same time I ran over to the driver's side. A highway patrolman was driving. Inside with him were two deputy sheriffs.

"The officer asked me what we were doing. (And I shall have to admit that we were a bit suspicious looking with the long overcoats and no fishing tackle or the like.)

"'We are conducting experiments,' I replied.

"What kind of experiments?"

"Scientific experiments,' I rold him.

"All three officers got out. They marched to the front of the car, keeping their eyes constantly upon us. I hope I will be forgiven at this point if I do not go into a description of the words and thoughts that transpired during the next few minutes. I did ger one definite impression, howeverand it was that it would not be very long before they had us in the car if we did not tell them what we were doing.

know what we are doing, we came out here to contact flying saucers, and we have already made contact. In fact,' and here I pointed to the space ship, which was hovering behind and to the right of them, 'you can see it hovering there right now.'

"They did not laugh. They did not even crack a smile. They were too startled at such

an amazing sight.

"One of our group handed the highway patrolman John's pair of 8x binoculars. The officer walked over to the side of the car and leaned on it. He stared at the saucer for fifteen or twenty minutes. I have never seen anyone so amazed. Then patrolman, Don Hoyd, cut off the lights of the patrol car. The window next to him was open, but he did not even move his eyes or binoculars off the craft for one second-he just reached through the window and cut the lights off.

"Several times while he was viewing it through the binoculars, some of us would go and talk to him, but he would not answer us.

"As some of us were talking to Deputy Ray Hoyd, Don his son, exclaimed that the object had a dome on top and was flat on the bottom. Hoyd assured him that he

AF tet. 18, 1958 Port questingtanty.

Defaitment of Defense Office of Public Anformation Washington 25, D.C.

Dear Bus : a time ago of acked for information on upon. you said that not even a minute gragmentos a 20- called fleg soucer mas ever found. d'have that statement underlierd The Division of Bendy aniation coup. leterboro, new jerself has some gragments of a gles sauce That crashed through a signboard in heur Heven Canso. Il also have proof of the on 2 wheet of paper Coulet your explain stake your such This? of would like opace to send more ingentian an afferie. What I need more than anything else is a puture it in person prom an other planel. ould you please send

de have heard about people going to atter planets or have going to atter planets or have at least your into outer space it like you to explain how you feel like you to explain how you feel appreciate it about this. I would appreciate it werey much ef you would do this for me.

Verey-truly-yours

July 29, 1957

AIR TECHNICAL INTELLIGENCE CENTER WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE DAYTON, OHIO

Dear Captain Wallace W. Elwood

Received your letter of May 9, 1957 containing a news release dated October 25, 1955 concerning information on
UFO's. I certainly was glad to receive it. All the time
I have left from my college studies I spend gathering UFO
material. From my study of many sightings I would like a
few questions answered concerning some of the reported
unknowns observed. The following questions are just a
few that I would like answered concerning what the Air
Force's conclusions are on these sightings.

- 1. What was the object chased by Captain Thomas F. Mantell Jr. and his two wingmen Lt. A. W. Clements and Lt. B. A. Hammond over Kentucky on January 7, 1948 that ended in Capt. Mantell's death?
- 2. What was the Air Force's explanation of the "Montana Movie" taken on August 15, 1950 by
- 3. What was the Air Porce's explanation of the "Tremonton Movie" taken on July 2, 1952 by Warrent Officer Delbert C. Newhouse?
- 4. What were the objects that flow over Washington D. C., during the month of July 1952?
- observed by Captain de aboard their British Overseas Airways Corp., Stratocruiser, The Centaurus on June 30, 1954 near Goose Bay, Labrador?
- 6. Why did the objects vanish into the larger ship when aabrejets approached to investigate the strange escort?
- 7. What was the little object that scared through the down town streets of East New Haven, Connecticut and pierced a metal billboard and vanished into the sky on August 19, 1953?
- 8. What are the "Green Fireballs" so often observed in the Western portion of the United States?

Arial Phenamena Research Organization

ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO

20 April 1960

1953 CONN

Air Technical Intelligence Center Wright-Patterson Air Force Base Ohio

Gentlemen:

I am writing you in reference to some residual material which was recovered from a UFO which exploded and burned at Ubatuba Beach, Brazil during September 1957. I believe Major Tack has forwarded our initial correspondence concerning the matter.

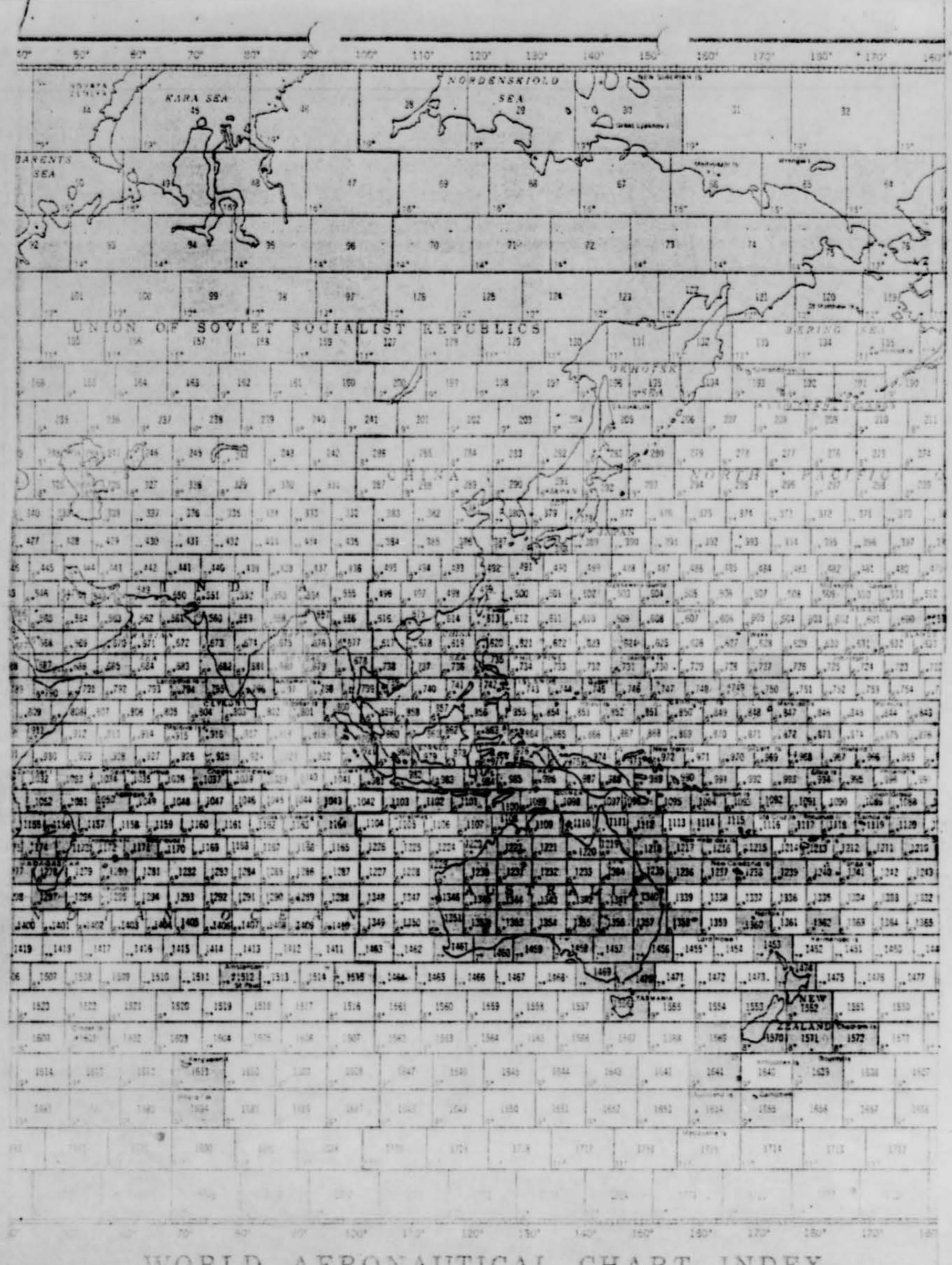
A misunderstanding concerning AFR 200-2 which we entertained temporarily has now been dispelled and we are ready to work out a basis for cooperation. We are enclosing the current issue of our Bulletin which gives an account of the Ubatuba incident in general terms. A technical report of a very thorough nature is being prepared by Dr. We will forward a copy to your office when it is finished if you wish. This should furnish you with enough background to enable you to decide what more can be done in the way of analysis. May we have your comments and/or suggestions?

In addition to the Ubatuba mg, we have some residual material which was left imbedded in a signboard in New Haven, Connecticut in 1953 when a UFO penetrated it. Was this incident investigated by ATIC? Was ATIC able to obtain some of the material for examination? If not, would you like some of ours?

CEL

cc: Major Tacker Washington, D. C. Sincerely, Director

Oto 17



WORLD AERONAUTICAL CHART INDEX
Scale of Series 1:1,000,000

AEROSPACE TECHNICAL INTELLIGENCE CENTER UNITED STATES AIR FORCE WRIGHT-PATTERSON AIR FORCE BASE OHIO

REPLY TO ATTN OF:

AFCIN-4E2

SUBJECT:

Aerial Phenomena Research Organization (Mrs O

4 MAY 1960

To: SAFOI-3d (Maj Tacker)

- 1. Reference attached letter with inclosed current issue of APRO Bulletin to ATIC from Mrs. of the Aerial Phenomena Research Organization, dated 20 April 1960.
- 2. ATIC is interested in any physical evidence or data which will assist in determining the cause for a UFO sighting. It is suggested that APRO be requested to forward a sample of the material and the technical report concerning the Ubatuba Beach case to ATIC. The names and specific qualifications of the persons involved in the analysis should accompany the report.
- 3. A search of reference material in the AMC technical library failed to reveal the name of persons mentioned a article on the incident carried in the APRO Bulletin.
- 4. For your information, the details of the Ubatuta Beach sighting closely parallel the circumstances of a case which took place near Maury Island, Washington 21 June 1947. This case is discussed on Page #31 of the base "The Coming of the Saucers," by the and I force conclusion is that the Maury Island case was probably a hoax.
- 5. ATIC files reveal no record of the New Haven, Connecticut case referenced in the APRO letter. This case is approximately seven years old and any information which could be derived at this late date would be relatively unreliable and probably quite useless.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

and .

LPHILIP G. EVANS

Colonel, USAF Deputy for Sciences and Components 1 Atch:

Cy ltr 20 Apr 60 fr APRO

w/Atch

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FM COMDR 1703RD AT GP BROOKLEY AFB ALA

TO JEPHQ/DIRECTOR OF INTELLIGENCE HQ USAF WASHDC

JEDUP/CHIEF AIR TECHNICAL INTELLIGENCE CENTER WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB OHIO

JEDEN/COMDG GEN AIR DEFENSE COMMAND ENT AFB COLO

JEPFF/CHHEF I TELLIGENCE DIVISION HQ MATS WASHDC

JUFMB/COMDR CNTLD MATS KELLY AFB TEX . JINCLASSIFIED

INTELLIGENCE OFFICER KELLY AFB PD FLYOBRPT ON 31 JULY 1953
AT 2555-2036L ONE UNIDENTIFIED OBJECT WAS SIGHTED. APPEARED TO BE
A BRIGHT REDDISH FLUORESCENT GLOW HEADING FROM SOUTHWEST TO THE
MORTHEAST AND CROSSING HWAY 43 NORTH OF CREOLA ALABAMA. OBJECT
TRAVELING AT A HIGH RATE OF SPEED AND FAIRLY HIGH ALTITUDE. MO
SOUNDS WERE ASSOCIATED WITH THIS LIGHT AND FURATION OF SIGHTING
WAS ONLY A FEW SECONDS BEFORE DISAPPEARING. LIGHT DID NOT RESEMBLE
STAR OR MITTED AND APPEARED LARGE IN SIZE. LOCATION OF OBSERVER AT
THE SET SIGNTING WAS APPROXIMATELY ONE AND ONE HALF MILE WORTH OF

PAGE THREE JESBY 586Y

TO BE AMBER GLOW MEADING FROM NORTH TO SOUTH ON EAST SIDE OF HIWAY

43 BETWEEN CREOLA AND SATSUMA ALABAMA. OBJECT WAS TRAVELING AT

A HIGH RATE OF SPEED. LEADING EDGE APPEARED CURVED AND SOMEWHAT

DISTINCT WITH BLURRED TAPERED APPEARANCE TO THE REAR WITH OVERALL

CLOW, NO SOUNDS WERE ASSOCIATED WITH THE LIGHT AND DURATION OF

SIGHTING WAS ONLY A FEW SECONDS. LIGHT DID NOT RESEMBLE STARS

OR METEOR AND APPEARED LARGE IN SIZE AT FAIRLY HIGH ALTITUDE.

OBJECT FLEW IN STRAIGHT AND LEVEL FLIGHT PARALLLEL TO HIWAY

43. OBSERVER DID NOT SEE OR HEAR ANY AIRCRAFT IN THE AREA AT THE

TIME OF SIGHTIME. LOCATION OF OBSERVER AT TIME OF SIGHTING WAS ON

HIWAY BETWEEN CREOLA AND SATSUMA ALABAMA TRAVELING SOUTH.

LATITUDE 30 DECREES 52 MINUTES NORTH LONGITUDE 38 DECREES 52

MINUTES WEST. THIS MAN IS AMETHODIST PREACHER SATSUMA ALABAMA.

INNUTIVIDUAL STATED HE HAS KNOWLEGE OF METEOROLOGY. RELIABILITY B-2.

DARK TOUR STREY SERV

WHATHER CLEAR. SURFACE WINDS 260/5K TEMPERATURE SO DEGREES F.

1. WI K. 5275 FEET WINDS 170/15K TAMPERATURE AS DEGREES F. 15000 FEET WINDS 160/5K. 26000 FEET WINDS 170/16K.

10

HEADQUARTERS

MOBILE AIR MATERIEL AREA

ALABAMA

IN REPLY

REFER TO:

MOIP

PUECT: Transmittal of AF Form 112

3. September 1953

UNCLASSIFIED

THRU:

Commander

Air Materiel Command

ATTN: Chief, Air Technical Intelligence Center,

ATIA A-20

Wright-Fatterson Air Force Base, Ohio

TO:

Director of Intelligence

Headquarters, USAF Washington 25, D. C.

Transmitted herewith is AF Form 112 in accordance with Air Force Letter 200-5 dated 29 April 1952.

FOR THE COMMINER:

1 Incl

AF Form 112 (and II)

w/8 incls (in quad)

HARDY GRIFFIN

Major, USIA

Intelligence Officer

When inclusive No. ____ is pare with the caseto a restricted _____
the accordance with par 25a. AFR 205-1

TIMOT ASSISTED

HOMOSHA FORM NO. 5 REV. STOEC 49

COUNTRY	REPORT NO.		(LEAVE BLANK)	
United States of America				
AIR INTELLIC	SENCE IN	FORMATI	ON REPORT	
SUBJECT				
AREA REPORTED ON		FROM / / January		
		FROM (Agency)	ce Office, Brookley	. ATT Alabama
DATE OF REPORT DATE OF TO PART OF	NFORMATION	111002228011	EVALUATION	*****
3 September 1953 31 3	uly throu	gh 17 July 1	1.950 3-3	
PREPARED BY (Officer)		SOURCE		man layer and
REFERENCES (Control number, directive, previous report, ac., as applied		•		
AFT, 200-5				
SUMMARY: (Enter concise summers of report. Give significance in fin	al one-sentence para	graph. List inclosures	at lower left. Begin text of report on A	F Form 113-Part II.)
Five unidentified flying ob,	jects obsc	rved by six	persons in vicinit	y of Creola
and Satsuma, Alabama, on dates fro	om 31 July	through 17	August 1953.	
		/		
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	1	Mari	exper-	_
	_	HARRY GRIFT	7N / /	
		Major, USAI	Officer	
		rmearrigen	J OLL LEGIT	
8				
2. Cy Statement of Mr Lister		7. Weather	Report s of Sightings	
3. Cy Statement of Mr Mathison		. area sur	e or oremerica	
4. Cy Statement of Mr Eartley				
5. Cy Statement of Mr Hartlay				
San Of Shippenship of Man Inches				
	THICKAS	SIEPED		

Details: At approximately 1500 CST, 26 August 1953, the 17001 ATG Intelligence Officer was notified by the MOANA Tatelligence Officer of the report of five separate unidentified flying objects observed by Mr.

1 Athison, Mr. 2 and 2 by, and Mrs. 3. The dates of the sightings were from 31 July 1953 through 17 August 1953, inclusive.

The Intelligence Officer of the 1703d ATG conducted an investigation and obtained the following statements from the observers:

on 31 July 1953 at approximately 2000-2030 hours local time, Mr.

a grocer in Groola, Alabama, was on his way home from Groola heading North on himmy 53, when he sighted the flying object. The object appeared into his field of vision through the windshield of his vehicle from the Southwest, crossed the himmy and disappeared to the Northeast. The object was traveling at a high rate of speed and at a fairly high altitude. The object glaved a bright reddish fluorescent color and duration of sighting was for only a few seconds. No soundt were associated with the glow and did not appear to recemble a meteor or a shooting star. The location of the observer at the time of sighting was about one mile North of Greela, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 54 minutes North, longitude 63 degrees 02 minutes West. Reliability B-3.

into her vehicle when she sighted the flying object. This object was on the west side of himmy 43 heading from the Northeast to the Southwest at a high rate of speed. She could not estimate the altitude other than stating that it was at a stairly high altitude and that the object was not too far away from where she was a standing. She stated that this object appeared to glow a reddish color in the pleading part and a stall amber color in the remaining part. Light did not reseable a meteor or a shouling star and no sound was associated with the light. Duration of the sighting could not have lasted more than two or three seconds. Location of the observer at the time of the sighting was in Greela, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 56 minutes seth, longitude 88 degrees 92 minutes West. Reliability B-3.

On 2 August 3 at 0030 hours local time, br. . . Methodist Preacher, was on his way home from Creola to Satsume, Alabama when he sighted the flying object. It glowed an amber color overall with the brightest glow on the leading edge which appeared to be curved like the circumference of a besketball and gave the appearance blurred and tapered toward the rear. The object was heading from the North to the South in straight and level flight parallel to hiway 43, on the East side, at a high altitude. Subject stated that he could not estimate altitude so he guessed that it was 6-8000 feet high. It appeared to be fairly large in size with no sounds associated and traveling at a high rate of speed. Speed was estimated to be much faster than the jet aircraft seen in this area. Individual stated he has knowledge of Meteorology and that the object was neither a meteor nor a shooting star. Observer did not see or hear any aircraft in the area at the time of the sighting. Location of the observer at the time of the nighting was at Gunnison Orcek, approximately one mile south of Orcola, Alabama, latitude 30 degrees 52 minutes North, longitude 88 degrees 02 minutes Woot. Reliability B-2.