

ATIC FORM 329 (REV 25 SEP 52)

I had both men trace out the apparent path and the path crossed the meridian at an elevation of about $30^{\circ}$. The path did not come any where near the zenith, as was originally indicated. The lights apparently began their motion at the instant that the numerous lights appeared.

The lights preserved their particular pattern and moved across the sky as a small, compact cluster that could easily have been covered by the thumbnail held at arms length. Appenzeller thought ingogira that he may have seen the light on the previous turn arcund the field, but he was not sure. Both men insisted that the kix bright light was there and stationary at least three or four mindaes minutes before it was seen to break up into smaller lights. sudden fashion. I asked the men to think calmly about how long it took the cluster move of lights topcross the sky to the disappearance point (The lights just feded out in the distance) and to write it down independently on slips of paper that I had provided them with. When I opened the papers the result of the ballot was 3 minutes and 4 minutes. Both men, incidentally, confirmed the fact the cluster of lights was trailed by an "itty bitty light" that differed from the others in $\boldsymbol{j}$, sparks. Questioned about the sparks, juid that there was just occasional spark from the light, rerteaps about 12 in ain during the interval. . .

The gentlemen agreed ticocoughly on the noise and no amoint of coming back to the subject or attempting to thex them rould shake them from the fact that the noise real and very easily audible arter the tractors had been shut off. who had served with SAC as an engine mechanic, knows his planes and prided himself during his Air force term of duty that he could recognize various types of planes at considerable distances by the sound of their motors. did not concemrate on the lights but on the sound and was attempting to turn over in his mind during the entire episode what type of engine it might be. He could identify no single engine. The noise resembled that of a deesel, of a pulsating jet, and of the rumble of thunder; he said a sound effects man mighs have produced it by sheking a large piece or tin.

The time of this sighting apparently is determined to plus or minus 5 minutes of 11: 45 PM on November 20tin (incidentally the date of the original report, November 19, is in error), the accuracy being ascribable to the fact that the boys had determined that they would not
work past midnight and had been watching their watches rather closely and were getting ready to call it a night．After the aparition the boys sat around in the field finishing their cigarettes and discussing what they would have done had the thing landed in the field and had they been invited to take a ride！

The next day，in the course of their official duties，they discussed it with their fellow airmen，getting a considerable amount of razzing，the story finally coming to the ears of Capt．Pilon．He had the men report this then through official channels．He per－ sonally was at first tempted to dismiss the whole thing but felt that itwwas safer to have the thing on record and officially recorded lest something should come of it later． （Good byy）．On tiat very day，November 21，the chap，said that he had been lying in bed the previous night ebout that time and heard what he thought at first was a diesel train comlng up the rarely－used spur track that passes about $1 / 8$ of a mile from his home．Both he and his wife apparenv heard the noise，which puzzled／FAbs，because the train never seemed to arrive at the couse and to pass by as is the wont of trains that travel on tracks that pass by people＇s houses．Ee did not get out of bed to investigate（serious lack
 one had taken his very fancy tractor to farm during the course oir which procedure，it broke down．When the three were hovering over the cractor in an attempt to find out the trouble，the incident of the previous evening was apparently recalled just briefly，whereupon gretrich exclained something about that he had seen the same thing，before the other two boys were able to go into 秀 any de－ tails．They did not discuss the matter further because they quickly turned to discussing the mechanical misbehavior of the tractor and to disassemble 絾霜 a portion thereor．Inci－ dentally ined is located six to eight miles fran the field in question．Another piece oi incidental intelligence，Capt．is long－time employee oif the Caterpillar Iractor Company and he knows personally the wirter of the Alexander Botts stories of Farthyorm Tractor fame in the Saturday Evening Post．Upson，I believe the name is，found writing the Alexander Botts stories so profitable thāt he quit his job at Caterpillar Tractor Company，and became a proiessional writer．
who lives approximately 3 or 4 miles from the field. On that night of November 20, at some undetermined time, but definitely prior to $11 o^{\prime} c l o c k$, and most probably between 10 and $10: 30$, Whas been coming back from town and as he walked into his farmhouse, he looked up and saw what he took to be a low-flying plane with a row square lights like compartment windows. He associated no noise with the sighting. He walked unhurxiedly into
 saucer. They both looked out the kitchen window (and I did too later) and saw this object proceding at a vague clip is certainly no observer but he has a disarming honesty about his vagueness fin just didn't know anything other than he had seen some lights, a low-flying alrcraft, and no noise and he wasn't even sure of directions unti I had to identify them for him. As close as we can get, the craft was moving from south to north, and disappeared from view in his northwest quanrant.
is a paragon of negative curiositif and a good 20 m-ztes questioning ydelded onily a few crumbs, but wellrepeated crunbs, of basic irrotion.

Bidding good-bye to and I proceeded back to the headquarters of the Squarm and I thereupon/the Captain and Som to have lunch with me at the airport. After Iunch I bid both these gentiemen good-bye and reported in to the ticket desk only to find that $n$ illight had been cancelled and that the next one left some four hours Lacer. I resired to the nursery to sleep. I have now awakeded from ny nap and this is being dictated in the nursery of the greater Peoria airport. It is yet one and a half hours to flitght time.

Suggested solution: During the entire course of interrogation, two things kept coming to mind: The is that the white light originally described tallied so closely with a landing light and Second, that the close cluster of lights likewise tallied with the sighting of 5 my own about 1950 from the balcony of the Perkins Observatory. There I had turmed a ${ }^{\text {B }}$-inch telescope on to the apparition and studied the arrangement of lights quite closely. There werea scme 8 ilghts ampanged in cluster lormation that somehow reminded me of a small Christmas tree making a stately cruise of the sky. This later turned out to be, aiter a great deal of questioning and a great many no's' and denials that anvbody knew anjithing, turned out to be a KC-97 tanker. A tanker of this sort has, I understand, a large boom light and
during refueling operations every light on the plane is on full blast. At the close of our first morning session, before we repaired to the field, I had pointed out this resemblance to Capt. and asked whether there were any tanker muns in the area. Capt. aid that KC-97's ane on the way out, but that there were two of them based at $0^{\prime}$ Hare and that conceivably they might have come down this way. pointed out that he saw no nigation lights and that both this, and the fact that they had seen it stationary for so long, did not jibe with the tanker interpretation.

Nonetheless, when I returned to the squadron base after our interview aith had been doing some investigating of his own and had found that there was a tanker run called Panda Bear that operated between Indianapolis, Kansas City, DesMoines and Springfield and that the saaded portion of the run show on the map lay squarely over had been Macinack. It now remains to deternine whether on the night of Ilovember 20th there/was indeed a. tanker run in progress.

The case as one might reconstruct it on a tanker hypothesis follows: the tanker was making circular runs of very large rectrs, as I used to observe in the Columbus area, near Lockborne Air Force Base. ary have seen the boom light, which is reported to be/large, dill bridht, white light on one of his swings around the field. on his next swing around, he may heve sming =aed the tanker on a straight line run nearly parallel to his line of sight. Fron the stan stated that he had seen the small light trailing. This would presumably be the jet on the stern chase, closing in for contact with the boom. The breaking up into several lights could very well arise from the fact that although origianlly resolved they were lost in the glare of the white light until the plane came close apparent entugh so shem the/ongular separation of the lights was suificient to allow the lights to be visible despite the bright, white light. This would give the appearance of theter suddenly having come into view. The noise could be explained by being the composite noise oif the reciptrocating engines of the KC-97 and the noise of the jet motort. Combined, these two sounds woula make identification with any one type of aircrait a bit diflimult! There is nothing in the remainder of the fligigt that would run counter to this interoretation other than the salient lact that no navigation lights were noted by How-
ever, assuming tha hat aeen the same plane an hour or so earlier (it was quite
usual for the Lockborne tanker to circle about for at least an hour) then this can be cleared up also, because and his wife both felt certain, aiter rather insistent recall, that there had been colored lights on the plane, on the craft, and they must have been red and green, because if they had been anything else they would have noticed it! If we use this highly unspecilic intelligence information for all it is worth, we can make out a case for the plane having had navigation lights and that either and were so intent on the unusual formation of the rest of the lights that they failed to notice lights that were normal and which they would not heve considered at all unusual, or that the tanker had momentarily flipped out its navigation lights in favor of the other bright lights. From ny own experience, I can attest that the tanker lights that I saw were so bright and whether
claimed my attention so much that at present I cannot recall/salso saw navigation lights. It is my best belief that I did not. Indeed, if I had, I would not have remained puzzled as long as I did by the apparition. Iikewise, the jet should heve had navigation lights and these were not reported.

The suggested solution is therefore by no means airtight, but, as a solution, depends crucially upon whether there was a tanker formation in the area at that time on that night. If so, then we must assure that either the navigational lights were out or went unnoticed.

If this proves to have been a tanker, it will sexve as an excellent example of how an unsuel but quite asural phenomenon can remain a UFO for a long while, sometines permanently alequatel.
unhàss and investigated as soon as possible.
That is all:1:!!

169th Taetiesl Fizinter Squadron (SD)
UNITED STATES AIA TOACs
2323 S. A1rport load
Peoria, Illinois
RPPET TO
ATTN OF: Intellizence Section
24 Nov 1961
SUBJECT: UPO Paport Cheok List

TOS Personnel Conoerned
The fallowing report is submitted in accordance with APR 200-2, dated 2 Feb 60:
A. Deseription of The Oojeot(s):
(1) Shape: BRIGHI LIGBT, CIRCLILAR
(2) Size Compared To Known Objoct: WICKEL
(3) Color: YELLON \& VHITB
(4) Tumber: ORE, BUT BROKS UP INTO SEVEBAL - 12 OR MONB
(5) Formation If More Than Cne: AFTEA BrBAk-UP, ROUGHLY CIGCLAR VITH ONB SMALE LICHT TRAIIIMG AT SAME SPEED
(6) Any Diacemible Features Or Detaila? THE LIMTS FLICKSaED IN A: ODD SEQUEWCE AND THR TPAILIMG LIGKT EIITTED SPAKK
(7) Tail, Trail, Or Pabause, Including Size of Saine Coupared To Size of Objeot: SPA:KS ONLT FFOM TPAILIMG LIGHP
(8) Sound, IE Heard, Describe Sound: NOT UNLIEE JMT SOUND BUT VERX LOd PITCAED AND RUWLING
(9) Other Pertinent Or Unusual Peatures: WHEN FIZST SIGMTED THB OBJECT WAS STATIONARX AMD MADE NO SOND. SOUND STANTED WHEN OBJECT BRGXE UP.
B. Deseription of Course Of Object(s):
(1) What First Called The Attention of Observer (s) To The Object(s)?
 A PIELD AT HIGRT NEAR THEIR HOMB. PALOR TO RETUNNTIG HOHE ASKED WHAT THE BATAFI OBJECT S.W. OF THEIA POSITION UAS? THOUGRT IT WAS THS FLAMST VENUS, AS THEX DISCUSSED IT THE OBJECT banKs

(2) Anglo Or Elevation And Azisuth of ojeot (s) When First Observeds

(3) Angle Or Elevation And Azimuth OR Objoct(3) Upon Disappeniences 20 beg elsvation E.S.E. OF thisia position
(4) Disoreption of Mizht Fach And Manouvars of Ooject(3): sTaichr AMD

LEVSL AT HICH SPEBD
(5) How Did The Object(3) Disappears STaichit OUT O VTSIBLS RAWM
(6) How Long Was The Oofeot(s) visibla: FODR TO JIVE UIMUTES
c. Manner OP Observations
(1) How Was The Cbjeot(3) Obsexved: NAKED ETS
(2) Statement is to Obtical Alds: NOME
(3) If sizhting Was iade From An Airerait Note The Following:
a. Type $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{G}: \mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$
b. Identification hamber: $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$
c. Altitudes $\mathrm{y} / \mathrm{A}$
d. Heading: N/A
-. Speed: $11 / \mathrm{A}$
i. Rane Station: H/A
D. Time And Date of Slghting:
(1) Zulu Tise/Date Group af Sighting: 2005452
(2) Light Conditions: CLSA I SKY, BNKHTY :WON
2. Location OP Observer(3): FOBR HILE 3. AND ONE MILS S. OP MAGKMAW, ILLINOIS
F. indentifying Information On Observer(s):
(1) Military - Name Grade: SSOT

Orgnisations 169th TFS
Duty: JET ENGIVE MECHANIC Estimate 08 Ralabilitys VE.X COOD
(2) M1litary - Hame:

Gradel ARC
Organizations 169th TFS
Duty: JES ENGINS MECHANIC
Satimate OP ieliabilitys VBII COOD
G. Weather \& Winds-Alort Conditions At The Tise And Place Of Sightings:
(1) Coserver (3) Aceount of Weather Conditionss CAVJ
H. Any Other Umsual activity or Condition Meteorological, Astronomical or Othenwlee? BONS
I. Fosition Titilas \& Coments of The Proparing officer: AS SON IIT OFPICRA I IMEEIENED BOTH CBSBHERS AND THEIR STORIES COIMCIDED AND THEX STATE AMOTHER
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A REPORT OF THE VISIT TO PEORIA ILLINOIS ON SUNDAY DECENBER 10, 1961.
To Check into the UFO sighting of November 20, 1961. in question
The sighting/was reported thronge to the Aerial Phenomenon Division by Capt. Ronald L. PiIon, Intelligence Officer of the 169th Tactical Fighter Squadron, 2323 Airport Road, Peoria, Illinois. To check into the facts of this case in accordance with our policy to have such facts by direct interview as soon as possible after the sighting, I visited Peoria, Illinois on Sunday, December 10, 1961, arriving Peoria at 8:30 AM. I was met by Capt. Pilon, who had arranged a meeting at $10: 00 \mathrm{AM}$ in his office $\AA$ all the principals. Prior to the meeting, we discussed the points of this case as they had been reported to him. These were ossentially the swne as those reported by him through official chainnels.

A summary of the details obtained by direct questioning of (1) Mr. Mechanic attached to the Fighter Scradron), (2) (also attached to the squadron) and ( $\ddagger$ ) Mr. wife, clained has seen the same thing independently. Mrymas unable to cane to the general meeting so we sougint hing uxt after the meeting and after site
and I visited the atzik of the sighting, sone 20 miles from the place of our
meeting).
The principa watcue wimesses were recently
 father is retired and young running it - yery much the prosperous young farmer. The farm buildings were in fine condition and sported one of the fanciest silos I have ever seen. In the midst of this prosperity, the 169 th Tactical Fighter Squadron, an Illinois Air National Cuard Outfit apparently, was activated in the recent crisis, necessitating leaving a lot of farm work undone. In an attempt to meet his own crisis, Appenzeller is trying to do quite a bit of the farm work at night. Thanmmonementy have a very fine sumer home in Northerm Wisccnsin and had invited on oceasion to visit them. Because of this obligation, was also helping with the farm work, although he has no connection with it. He is a printer by trade, age 25 . On the night of November 20th, we find these gentlemen plowing this field from 6:00 PM with the intention of
ready for spring planting. Two tractors were employed was in the le ad tractor withernme following a safe distance behind. It had started out overcast, but abouta $9: 30$ or $10: 00$ the clouds cleared away and the moonlight was then sufficient to/their plowing by. The tractors had lights nonetheless. One starts plowing a field apparently by starting in one end and going around in ever decreasing "circles" until you end at the middle. They were well infoward the center of the field whermmonmment int lead, notlced a bright light in the southwest. I took pictures later of the area of the sky and the telephone poles used as marker sighters from the approximate position the tractors had att the time of the sightingwermellowing behind saw his tractor and pulled up alongside. This operation taking, apparently, less than a mimute. With tractor engines still going, shouted over to calling his attention to the bright light, halled ouller to the left of which caused him to have to look over his shoulder to see the light. Both agreed that the light was stationary, exceedingly bright and white. looked and turned around and called back to say that that was undoubtedly Venus. told me that ever since, a child he had had an interest in astronomy and on hiking trips waking up early in the moming he would see Venus in the sky.
 Venus. At this polnt they shat dow the tractors and lit a cigarette. They are not absolutely certain they IIt a cigarette at this time but they ?ound themselves with z cigarettes after the sighting was over, so presumably lighted them just about that time. just looked again at the white light, turned back to and in a short instant looked back toward the light. In that short interval the light had broken up into numerous ( 8 to a dozen, they couldn't agree) other white lights, clustering about the main white light. THese lights faded in and out with no apparent periodicity or pattern. They did not ever go completely out but while one dimmed and brightened three or four times another one might have dimmed only once. The lights were clustered close together and indicated that in the spaces between the lights there would have been only enough room to fit at most one other light. This cluster of lights then moved from an elevation of about $35^{\circ}$ and asmath 230 in essentially a straight line to an elevation of about $20^{\circ}$ almost directly in the east.


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    FORM SS 173 REPLACES DD FORM 173, I OCT 49. WHICH WILL BE USED UNTIL EXHAUSTED

